The Mapleton Item.

VOL. XII. MAPLETON DEPOT, PA., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1900. NO. 30

LOCAL NOTES.

—FOR SALE—a new buggy. Will be sold at a bargain. T. M. Wood.

—Miss Annie Shore is spending the week with friends in Huntingdon.

—The sand works at this place are all doing a very extensive business.

—Mrs. F. D. Heeter and children, of Tyrone, are visiting among friends in Mapleton.

—G. D. Wood attended the dedication of the Alexandria hall and library last week.

—L. M. Piper and family, of Lilly, spent a few days of last week with G. D. Wood's family.

—W. W. Brumbaugh and family, of Kipple, are visiting parents and friends in and about Mapleton.

—For men's dress suits, shoes, hats, shirts, etc., it will pay to go to W. G. Ewing's, Mt. Union, Pa.

—William Reed & Sons have a big blanket sale, beginning October 22nd. Look up the adv. in this issue.

—E. E. Palmer has sold his house and lot in the eastern end of town to B. O'Connor. Consideration, $225.

—J. O. Heaton, Cassville, Pa., recommends and sells all of Chamberlain's remedies advertised in the ITEM.

—Arthur F. Parker and wife, of Kipple, were guests of Mapleton friends during a portion of the past week.

—Mrs. Bruce Yocum has been visiting during the past week at the home of her sister, Mrs. Brumbaugh, in Penn township.

—McCarl's liniment is good for man or beast. It quickly brings relief when applied to aches, pains, sprains, cuts or bruises. Try it.

—At W. G. Ewing's, Mt. Union, you can get dress plaids as low as 5 cents per yard and all wool 36 inch dress goods at 25 cents per yard.

—Rev. R. S. Woodward will preach in the U. B. church next Sunday morning at which time the sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered.

—A box of salve is a requisite in every household. When buying get McCarl's ointment which has healing properties unequaled by any other salve.

—David Long and family, of Johnstown, have been spending a few days of the past week among friends in and about Mapleton. They are getting along nicely in the Flood city.

—W. G. Ewing, Mount Union, carries a big line of ladies' dress goods, muslin sheetings, table linens, sheetings, ginghams, plaids. etc., and it will pay to see his goods before purchasing.

—The Pittsburg White Sand company are putting in a new boiler at their pumping station on M. F. Robley's farm. The stone and brick work is being done by Messrs. Shaver and Fultz, of Mount Union.

—Mrs. W. B. Stone and daughter, of Coraopolis, arrived in Mapleton this morning and will spend a couple of days among friends and former neighbors. Next Monday they will continue their trip to Harrisburg.

—An aged farmer thus exhorts his son: "Now, don't fergit while ye're in the city to git some of them 'lectric light plants we heern so much about. We kin jis' ez easy raise 'em ourselves an' save kerosene."

—Why not get rid of that hacking cough before it runs into something more serious? McCarl's Cough Syrup is an excellent remedy for coughs, colds croup and all irritations and inflammations of the throat or chest. Price 25 cents.

—Last Saturday the Pennsylvania & Northwestern Railroad company was somewhat alarmed as to whether their supply of water would last, as it was getting quite low in the tank at the shop. However, upon opening a valve it was found to be clogged up with at least a half bushel of eels. The eels were nearly all dead and some of them were almost a yard long. When they were removed the water flowed into the tank as usual.—*Bellwood Bulletin.*

—At Cumberland, Maryland, on Monday, October 15, by Rev. T. J. Yost, Jesse McMonigal, of Huntingdon, and Miss Ada Wilson, of Mapleton, were united in marriage. The ITEM extends congratulations to the young couple and wishes them a joyous and prosperous life.

—Mrs. Newell Crotsley, of Tod township, died Sunday evening of typhoid fever. Deceased was aged about thirty-five years and was a daughter of Wash Cook, of Tod township, and was an estimable lady. Her husband and six small children survive her. We are without further particulars.

—On Thursday, October 4th, at the First M. E. parsonage, Huntingdon, by Rev. G. Murray Klepfer, David L. Smith, of Union township, and Ida Alice Gifford, of Wayne township, Mifflin county, were united in marriage. The ITEM extends congratulations and wishes them the highest connubial bliss.

—You assume no risk when you buy Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. J. G. Gillam will refund your money if you are not satisfied after using it. It is everywhere admitted to be the most successful remedy in use for bowel complaints and the only one that never fails. It is pleasant, safe and reliable.

—Next Saturday evening in Mrs. Dell's basement the ladies of the M. E church will hold a chicken and waffle supper and solicit the patronage of the people of Mapleton and vicinity. The same evening and each succeeding Saturday evening during the season they will sell extra select oysters by the stew, fry or quart.

—Gilbert H. Curfman, who is employed as a fireman on the Pittsburg division, was in town yesterday on his way to visit parents and friends in Tod township. About a month ago he wrenched his right limb in jumping from his train at Kittanning Point and has been off duty since. He is a fine young man and has a good record as a railroader.

—E. E. Palmer, who operates the incline at the Mount Union ganister works, yesterday moved his family from Mapleton to Mount Union. Mr. Palmer has been a good citizen and a member of the borough school board. His family is one of the finest and very neighborly. We are very sorry to lose them from this community but hope they may find their new home congenial.

—"I wish to express my thanks to the manufacturers of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy for having put on the market such a wonderful medicine," says W. W. Massingill, of Beaumont, Texas. There are many thousands of mothers whose children have been saved from attacks of dysentery and cholera infantum, who must also feel thankful. It is for sale by J. G. Gillam.

—The stave mill of Simpson Bros., south of town, which was built this summer, has been ready to operate for some time but owing to a scarcity of water has been idle. Levels taken last week show that an abundant supply can be had at all seasons at a spring one-half mile from the mill with a fall of eighty feet. This will be conveyed in open troughs and the mill put in operation without further delay.

—Railroad engineers are engaged in laying out a line for two tracks on the north side of the river at this place. A few weeks ago a preliminary survey was made over this route and the officials were so well pleased with it that it may result in the additional tracks at this point being built on that side of the river. The advantage of that route is that the company owns most of the right of way and they would avoid the building of the three culverts on this side. On the other hand it would require a longer bridge east of Mapleton than the Vandevander bridge. The new route, if adopted, will give a straight line from the east end of the meadow at Jackstown to a point opposite Mapleton, a distance of one mile.

—Edward L. Darr, of Altoona, who visits Mapleton semi-annually—in the summer to fish and in the fall to hunt—was hunting in the neighboring woods Monday and Tuesday but, as usual, went home empty handed. Ed is a jovial companion but as a hunter or a fisherman he has no record. Old Nimrod wouldn't recognize him as a deciple and Izaak Walton wouldn't give him a passing glance. Come again, Ed.

—A freight wreck occurred one-half mile east of Mapleton last Saturday forenoon. A few weeks ago a water plug was put in at Jackstown and an east bound train was watering at that point. The following train hauled by engine 1481 ran into it demolishing the cabin and two cars. The pilot and smoke stack of engine 1481 were wrecked. East bound traffic was delayed a few hours by the collision.

—Application for excursion ticket orders on the P. R. R., on account of the sixth annual encampment of the Juniata Valley Veteran association, embracing the counties of Bedford, Blair, Centre, Fulton, Huntingdon, Juniata, Mifflin, Northumberland, Perry, Snyder and Union, and the annual reunion of the Odd Fellows of Perry county, at Newport, Pa., October 26 and 27, 1900, should be made to Samuel Clay, Secretary, Newport, Pa.

—On the 10th of December, 1897, Rev. S. A. Donahoe, pastor M. E. church, South, Pt. Pleasant, W. Va., contracted a severe cold which was attended from the beginning by violent coughing. He says: "After resorting to a number of so-called 'specifics,' usually kept in the house, to no purpose, I purchased a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, which acted like a charm. I most cheerfully recommend it to the public." For sale by J. G. Gillam.

—Isaac Bender, a middle division flagman, was killed while on duty Wednesday afternoon just east of Warrior Ridge station. He had occasion to go out on the train and was standing on the bumpers of two cars, one foot on each bumper. In some way he was jolted off and fell to the track, the remainder of the train running over his body and cutting him almost in two. He was picked up and brought to Huntingdon and his remains prepared for burial, and then sent to his home in Harrisburg. He was a married man, about 35 years of age and leaves a family.

—The officers of Mapleton Lodge No. 468, I. O. O. F., were installed last Saturday evening by D. D. G. M., T. M. Wood. They are as follows: N. G., William Stubbs; V. G., Elmer O. Hooper; treasurer, David Shore; secretary, M. L. Rex; assistant secretary, Robert H. Brumbaugh; W., Watson Brininger; C., W. A. Dunn; R. S. N. G., John C. Garrett; L. S. N. G., Edward Brown; R. S. V. G., Levi Johnston; L. S. V. G., Harry Bailey; O. G., H. H. Swope; I. G., Charles W. Corbin; chaplain, William Brininger; trustees, H. H. Swope, G. D. Wood and A. M. Parker; representative, W. C. Barkley.

—The hunting season opened last Monday and the advent brought scores of hunters from other places to the favorite grounds in this vicinity. Our local nimrods were also out in full force and the industrial establishments were all shorthanded. So far as we have been able to learn fourteen turkeys and hundreds of squirrels have been brought to town. A gentleman from Mount Union, whose name we did not learn, came up to Mapleton Monday morning, walked out beyond Mountain View cemetery, and in less than three hours was back at the station with two turkeys. Elam Pearson killed two turkeys and nine squirrels and was home before ten o'clock. W. E. Hack and brother have brought in four turkeys, A. B. Miller, two, George Hughes, two, A. W. Swope, one, and A. M. Dell, one. Game seems very plenty but at this rate of extermination it will surely soon become scarce.

—Last Thursday there was a fire excitement on Front street. The cotton rolls on one of the upper shelves of Freed's store caught fire, and almost instantly there was a big blaze. The mass of blazing cotton was pulled off the shelf and the fire extinguished before any further damage was done. Several parties came with their chemical extinguishers, but the fire was out when they arrived. A part of the head of a lighted match flying into the cotton was the cause of the blaze.—*Liverpool Sun.*

—During the winter of 1897 Mr. James Reed, one of the leading citizens and merchants of Clay, Clay Co., W. Va., struck his leg against a cake of ice in such a manner as to bruise it severely. It became very much swollen and pained him so badly that he could not walk without the aid of crutches. He was treated by physicians, also used several kinds of liniment and two and a half gallons of whisky in bathing it, but nothing gave any relief until he began using Chamberlain's Pain Balm. This brought almost a complete cure in a week's time and he believes that had he not used this remedy his leg would have had to be amputated. Pain Balm is unequaled for sprains, bruises and rheumatism. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

—James Stapleton died at his home in Tod township about one o'clock last Saturday morning of dropsy with which he had been afflicted for several years. He was aged about sixty-five years, was of quiet and retiring disposition and was highly esteemed by all who knew him. For more than forty years he had been postmaster at Todd postoffice. He was a gunsmith by trade and had the reputation of being a skilled workman. He is survived by his wife, six sons and two daughters. They are William B., of Saxton, John and Minerva, of Tyrone, Solomon, James, Albert, Thomas and Harriet at home. The remains were interred last Sunday at the Beavertown Bethel cemetery, services being conducted by a former pastor, Rev. Smith.

Fresh Meat at Low Prices.

Roast, 9 cents per pound; boiling beef 7 cents; sirloin or round steak 10 cents per pound. Honest weight and good meat. Your patronage solicited.

E. H. WELKER.

A Roman Thanksgiving 2107 Years Ago.

Communicated by D. M. Evans.

The battle of the Metaurus was the occasion of great rejoicing in Rome. Nero with the flower of the Roman army met and defeated Hannibal and Hasdrubal with the Carthaginian armies and their Gallic allies at the Metaurus. The slaughter was great; the Metaurus ran red with blood. At Rome the news of Nero's march had filled all hearts with hope and fear. Men feared to believe what they wished. An officer in command at Nauria sent home dispatches to say that two horsemen had arrived at that place from the field of battle with certain news of a great victory. So eager were the people that the Prætor had difficulty in preventing the dispatches from being seized and torn open before they were read in the Senate. And when he brought them out from the Senate-house and read them publicly from the Rostra, a burst of exultation broke from every tongue; and men, women and children thronged to the temple to bless the gods for their great deliverance. Thanks were decreed to the consuls and their armies; three days were appointed for a public thanksgiving to the gods. Never was public joy and gratitude more deserved. The battle of the Metaurus was the salvation of Italy; and Horace spoke with as much historic truth as poetic fervor when he said that "Then, by the death of Hasdrubal, then fell all the hope and fortune of Carthage."

This is the only record of public thanksgiving I have ever seen in ancient history. This was B. C. 207.

Mapleton, Oct. 16, 1900.

Huntingdon County Pomona Grange.

MR. EDITOR:—Having had opportunity of being present at Pomona Grange held last week at Hare's Valley Summit Grange hall, near Saltillo, I wish through the columns of your paper to give expression of the appreciation all visiting members of that association feel regarding the hospitable entertainment extended by the Hare's Valley friends.

Aside from the intellectual treat of hearing the various subjects pertaining to agricultural, home and national interests discussed, the united efforts to make the meeting a social success reflects unbounded credit on members of that Grange and friends from surrounding Granges.

EVENING SESSION—OCTOBER 10TH.

In the absence of the County Master, T. O. Milliken, the session was ably presided over by Overseer W. T. Boring. The question box was full of inquiries on subjects of interest to the farmer, home maker, home keeper and tax payer. Discussions were lead and ably presented by J. M. Drake, Ralph Smith, Jno. Hetrick and others. One of special moment was started and carried into work of 11th. "Does Farming Pay?" In these days of rush and hurry of all young men to get away from the farm, I can only wish more were present to hear the facts, figures and practical thoughts given on this important subject by men who are known throughout the county as level headed, successful farmers. If our boys would apply the energy, thoughtfulness and thorough application demanded by other vocations to make success in life, our farms would not be neglected and looked on with such disfavor by our coming men. The home on the farm is the ideal home and farming with intelligent, careful management can be made in every way a successful and paying life work.

MORNING SESSION—OCTOBER 11TH.

The morning session convened at 10 o'clock. J. M. Drake made address of welcome. In his characteristic forcible manner he reminded us of the feast of long ago, when those bidden sent many and varied excuses, among which was one who had or was about to marry a new wife. Of course, all absentees doubtless had good excuses, the former one especially. Response by the writer, and am sure those who were unable to attend are among the unfortunate.

Various subjects were taken up and discussed during the day. The farm question from all its points of interest and disadvantages. "Why Should Women not be Elected as School Directors?" was ably presented by Mrs. Drake. The question brought out many practicable thoughts, but none showing any reason why the mothers should not have a voice in the management of schools. J. N. McClain, G. W. Taylor, J. Frank Wright and many other well known producers of all that goes to make successful farmers gave interesting and edifying talks.

Dr. Zane Taylor, of Orbisonia, looked in at the noon hour and did justice to the elaborate preparation made by the good women. Much disappointment was expressed that the doctor could not remain longer.

The eventide came only too soon but all will ever hold in pleasant remembrance the very genial welcome and all wish the Hare's Valley friends a long continuance of their successful, busy, yet thoughtful, cheerful lives.

J. G. H.

Arbor Day Exercises.

Owing to the fact that a number of trees on the public school grounds have died it has been decided to plant eight thrifty maples on the grounds next Friday, that being Autumn Arbor day. Appropriate exercises will be conducted by the schools at two o'clock. Superintendent Rudy has been invited to be present and deliver an address. A cordial invitation is extended to all patrons as their presence will give inspiration and encouragement to the pupils.

DAWN AND SUNSET.

At dawn
A modest trill is heard,
A signal from some unseen bird,
  Some trusty harbinger of morn;
Then from the tiny, swelling throats
A hallelujah of rich notes
  In greeting to the day just born.

At sunset,
When the rosy light
Is fleeing from approaching night,
  And woodland shades are growing deep;
A chirp, a flutter here and there,
A beat of wings upon the air,
  And night has hushed the birds to sleep.

—Frank H. Sweet.

. . THE . . History of a Bonnet.

BY JANE P. ROWE.

Mr. and Mrs. Latham had been married nearly 10 years. Mr. Latham was a clerk in a dry-goods store with a salary of $150 a month. He was a man of steady habits, and greatly trusted by his employers. The whole force of his mind was given to saving money, and with this end in view he restricted his living expenses to the lowest possible sum that accorded with his position in life.

But with Mrs. Latham it was different, and she was one of those dainty little women that light colors and elegant material set off to great advantage. If she had a passion in life it was for fine clothes. But this passion was never gratified. She had few amusements, for her husband frowned on theatres, and did not countenance her going to parties lest she should be at the expense of a return entertainment. Yet she was a cheerful little body, and went on year after year, baking and cooking and sewing and mending for her great silent partner, because, as she said, she had not a lazy bone in her body.

When she was not at her household duties she was making over old clothes; she had one dress that had been turned six times, and with the assistance of the cleaner and dyer was still passably fresh looking. Every new dress came out of her savings from the daily fare. One of these, with a mournful attempt at pleasantry, she named her robe de mouton, because it had been procured through buying scraps of the least choice parts of a sheep and serving them up to a confiding husband with a deceiving sauce that effectually hid their unworthiness. Another was termed her "ashes of beef," because it was attained through reducing stingy rump steak into small fragments and investing it in an appetizing pie.

As for her bonnets, she had quite forgotten the date for their birth; they were, in fact, pre-historic. But one day this little woman met her fate. It came in the shape of a bonnet, a dream in lavender. Such an airy thing it was that she almost expected to take wings and fly away before her eyes. So afraid of this was she that she determined upon securing it at once, so she went into the milliner's and demanded the price.

"Fifteen dollars, ma'am."

"Oh, dear! That is above me."

"Well, you can have it for $10. It is a sample theatre bonnet from Paris, and as the winter is coming on we are afraid of keeping it too long on hand on account of its delicate color."

"Well, I will think it over, and perhaps come for it on Monday.

Mrs. Latham's greeting to her husband that Saturday evening was one of unusual fervor. He wondered and was delighted, but later on was not so well pleased, for when seated at dinner his wife said,—

"My dear, we have been married nearly 10 years."

"Indeed!" he answered smilingly. "They have passed like 10 months."

"Not to me. It seems an age since I had a new bonnet."

"I'm sure the one you are wearing now looks as good as new."

"It's as old as the hills—in fact, antediluvian. And oh, John, I've just turned and remade my wedding dress, and I do so want a bonnet to go with it. And today I saw such a love—I was spellbound by it—I wonder I ever got home—"

"How much was it?"

"Ten dollars."

"Whew! That's beyond everything! No wife of a dry-goods clerk ought to wear a ten-dollar bonnet."

"But, John, I've not had a new bonnet since my wedding, and I do so want this one! It will exactly match my dress, and I am invited to Miss Simpson's wedding, and I want to go."

"Impossible, my dear," answered Mr. Latham, in his calm, authoritative way, "if it depends on your getting that bonnet."

"But, John, here have I been working for you these 10 years, without asking anything but mere board and the commonest of dresses; if I had been merely your working housekeeper my wages would have been at least $15 a month. Surely $10 in 10 years is not too much to ask for a new bonnet."

"My dear, I have now a nice balance at my banker's, which will be yours whenever I die. Ten dollars added to another 90 awaiting it will make $100, and bring you in $5 a year more than you would otherwise have. I have at this present moment only one $10 bill in my pocket, and there it will remain till it goes into the bank."

Mrs. Latham rose, and without a word commenced removing the dishes, and nothing further was said about the bonnet.

On the Monday evening following, Mr. Latham came home in a towering passion. He had been to the bank in the course of the day to deposit his $10, and he found the money was not in his pocket.

"Lucy," cried he, looking like a walking thunder cloud, "I never knew you were a pickpocket."

"That shows how little you really know about me, my dear," his wife answered. "You have not thought it worth while to study my character, you know, therefore one part of it surprises you."

"But, Lucy, do you really think it right to rob your husband?"

"No, I consider it very wrong. I merely took a little of what belonged to me; your money is community property, remember. Wait till you see the bonnet; it will atone for everything.

Away she ran for it. She came back soon with a fluffy thing perched on her golden curls that made her look bewitching. She rushed up to her husband.

"There, now, sir, how do you like that?" she gaily asked, and pushed up her rosebud of a mouth for a kiss. But he, in a blind rage at being so outwitted, snatched the bonnet from her head and flung it into the fire. The little wife turned deadly pale.

"Oh, John," she moaned, "you forget that this is our wedding day!" And putting up two small hands, whose only ornament was a plain wedding ring, to hide her face, she sobbed like a child.

John gazed at her in a dazed sort of way. He loved her better than his life, but he had not thought it necessary to let her know it.

"Oh, Lucy—oh, my dear heart, stop! I've been a brute—I see it for the first time! Only stop crying and I'll turn over a new leaf. You shall have a bank account of your own; every month I will give you what I would give a housekeeper. Will that satisfy you, dear wife?" cried he, taking her in his arms and soothing her as if she were a pain-stricken child.

"Oh, John, I shall be the happiest woman alive!" she said, throwing her arms round his neck, and smiling through her tears.

And thus, in one house, the question of the wife's allowance was satisfactorily settled.

If men realized how happy the possession of money of their own makes women, there would be fewer wives who feel as if they were pensioners on their husband's bounty.—Waverley Magazine.

REMARKABLE BLIND MEN.

One Can Go to His Postoffice Box, and Another Is a Jailer.

"Two very remarkable blind men have come under my observation lately," remarked a citizen who has a penchant for the oddities of life. "One is an old gentleman who walks a distance of 10 blocks to the postoffice nearly every day for his mail. He lost his sight more than 20 years ago, and, instead of using a cane as most blind men do, he carries a small, light riding whip, which he holds slightly inclined to the front, with the tip just touching the pavement. His sense of touch has become so delicate that the whip is almost an artificial eye. When the point encounters anything he makes a few swift passes over the surface and generally determines the exact character of the obstacle. Few passers have the least suspicion of the old man's infirmity.

"When he reaches the postoffice he turns unhesitatingly, mounts the middle stairs, walks over to the lock boxes, and, without any feeling around, thrusts a key into the right aperature. That seems to me to indicate a marvelous sense of location. In order to fully appreciate it, just shut your eyes and try to walk across the room and put your finger upon a predetermined spot on the wall. The odds are a hundred to one you will miss it by at least six feet.

"The other notable case is that of an old negro jailer at Franklin, La. He is totally blind, yet he has had charge of the lock-up there for years and gives perfect satisfaction. One can hardly imagine a vocation less adapted to a blind man than that of keeping a jail in order, but the old fellow knows the estblishment as a scholar knows his alphabet, and he guards it so closely that escapes are out of the question. The best evidence of his efficiency is the fact that he has held his job so long."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

For Art's Sake.

"The trouble with the drama of today," said the severe critic, "is that the managers are too fond of the mighty dollar. They produce plays to make money."

"Just so," said his friend. "True art, I suppose, would furnish us all with free passes."—Brooklyn Life.

Proper Care of Clothes.

The welldressed woman takes care of her clothes. She does not tumble them in a heap when she lays them aside. She disposes them in roomy closets, with skeletons on which to arrange the waists, or else she lays them in long boxes and folds them in tissue-paper, stuffing sleeves and puffs with the same, so that they will not fall into creases and wrinkles, and will gather no dust. Clothes are articles of value and may not be treated with contempt.

Hat's Centre of Gravity.

The great thing to determine just now is the apparent centre of gravity of the hat. The trimming in many seems to radiate from the centre of the front in long lines to the back, in plumes, folds, or feathers. That is always a pretty fashion and becoming to many people. Most of the hats are set well off the face while a few people to whom that particular style is becoming, cling to those worn well over the forehead. There are soft Tam crowns to hats, soft crowns of other designs, large broad flats with only an indication of a crown and hats with decided high bell crowns. The double and triple rims will be worn this sea- and triple rims will be worn this season.

Gainsboroughs for Winter.

Picture hats are evidently the accepted keynote for autumn and winter millinery, and it is to be hoped that if women will affect picture hats they will take them seriously. Such a hat should be made especially for the wearer and every detail of its effect studied with the utmost care. The droop of a feather, the curve of a line may make all the difference between a ravishingly becoming and a fashionably hideous picture hat; and the brim must be bent, the trimming adjusted to suit the individual wearer's face and head. Unhappily all big black hats look alike to some women, and it is safe to prophesy that during the coming winter innumerable crimes will be committed in the name of Gainsborough.

How She Gets the Frenchy Effect.

Short back and long front are now the joint aim of every woman, as this mode gives to the waist that willowy, slender appearance. A woman who always, even in the simplest gown, looks as if she were a clipping from a pretty fashion book, explained how she succeeded in always getting the desired effect at the waist line.

"All of my waists," said she, "are sewed on to a band extending to the front from the seams under the arms, the back of the waist being long in the regulation shirt style. This is worn under the skirt, while the front of the waist is worn outside, pinned down securely in front, the belt likewise being fastened down to the point and behold! so simply the thing is done."

It is certainly a wrinkle worth the knowing, and one can, with very little trouble, cut off one's shirt waists in front, sew on a band and get the same effect with all of them.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

The New Furs.

Apparently two styles are to be used for fur coats—one that is worn like the covert-coat on all occasions, and made as simply as possible; the other, much more elaborate, with embroidered revers or with revers, collar, and cuffs of a different sort of fur. Seal-skin and lamb is a favorite combination, and while ermine and Parisian lamb are seen together, the effect is not considered particularly smart. Fur-lined coats are one of the luxuries of the times, but they are apt to be a little clumsy, and accordingly are only made up in the loose-fitting coats, cloaks, and capes. The fur-lined circular has quite resumed its hold over feminine fancy, and is now a necessary garment in every well-appointed outfit. Another garment that is most popular and useful is the circular cape of seal-skin, of Persian lamb, or, best of all, sable, lined with white satin, and intended merely as a wrap. It has more fulness than the old-fashioned circular cape, but the fulness is well below the shoulders, and the garment itself is fitted perfectly smooth over the shoulders.—Harper's Bazar.

Queen Wilhelmina's Iron Will.

Young Queen Wilhelmina is a girl of iron will and towering pride. Her husband will be but an appendage, and never will hold the reins of government for an hour. When she was crowned the air was as full of a dread of anarchists as it is again today, and yet she was obliged to walk in the streets from the palace to the church. Every inch of the route was guarded, but a vast multitude pressed behind the soldiers. The 18 year old miss strode firmly forward, but her lips were pressed together, the blood left her face and she quickly turned pallid. Reaching the church the people thought that for an instant her feet wavered, as if she might fall. Her throne was pushed forward vacant, lonely and prominent. Her mother, who was that morning to cease to be queen, sat upon a throne behind the true one. She stood up and strode forward with her arms out as if to embrace her daughter, but the girl did not forget who was the real queen. She halted and put out her right hand for her mother to kiss, thus establishing her supreme position on the first instant that she got her rulership. To retain this self-possession and to insist upon recognition of her rights, even from her mother, while under the nervous strain produced by her exposure to death in the streets, shows to the full of what mettle the little queen is made. The husband who weds her need never aspire to be more than her consort and her lover.—Julian Ralph, in Brooklyn Eagle.

The American Girl Abroad.

The woman who pervades all foreign parts is the American. Like the poor they are "always with us." Their dress, walk and general appearance are unmistakable long before the well-known accent proclaims the fact. You are grateful to them, and you admire them. They are always well-dressd, them. They are always well-dressed, beautifully set up almost always thin (and that is alone a virtue), and, finally, good looking. The girls are charming and pretty into the bargain, for no American girl is ugly. She has an air which makes it impossible, and there is a freshness, a brightness and an originality which is most captivating and which no one can resist. Americans are full of interest, curiosity and sympathy in return. There is no false shame, no reserve. They will tell you all about themselves, and would like to probe the most sacred recesses of your heart which is not done from an idle love of gossip, or wanting to know things for the pleasure of repeating them, but from a genuine desire to know you and all about you. You can tell an American woman anywhere by her back, by the way she is coiffee, by the quick turn of her head, by the lightning glance that takes in everything. It is universal dictum that American women age very early and soon lose their youth. Like many accepted opinions it is erroneous, for American women are bien conservee in every sense of the word long after they have passed middle age and they retain their appearance of youth in a wonderful manner. Wherever you encounter them they are agreeable, easy and willing to meet any indication of friendliness in a most hearty manner.—(Lady Jeune in London Telegraph.)

Lockets of all kinds are now popular, and can be worn on a neck or lorgnette chain.

One very attractive hat is made of green velvet trimmed with plumes and green velvet roses and a deep gold buckle.

Many Persian designs and soft combinations of colors are to be seen in broad sash ribbons, and panne satin ribbons have velvet on one side and satin on the other.

Present fashions lend themselves rather kindly to renovations. A satin gown, for instance, can be brought up quite to the style of the moment if veiled with mauve or turquoise-blue chiffon.

The always becoming elbow sleeve is again the leading style for dinner gowns. These give the opportunity for the display of exquisite lace ruffles or the less pretentious frills of muslin and tulle.

Tailor-made gowns are trimmed with broad bands of same, stitched, with edges unfinished. Tucks in cloth gowns and applications of silk or velour have entirely disappeared from the best models.

In spite of their inconvenience street gowns are all worn long, and the slippery drop skirt of silk remains the most desirable mode. This is also in favor with dinner gowns and ball costumes, for the drop or double skirt is claimed to be the most graceful of all.

Sleeves in cloth gowns, in velvet coats and fancy jackets are fuller than last year; they look like narrow bags gathered at the shoulder and also at the wrist, where they are finished with a band and button close about the hand, usually with the inevitable gold button or one especially made.

Many of the folded and silk-stitched blouses which are cut away just under the chin to show the tucked front of the vest, and also any number of the new autumn boleros and Etons, are finished with three graduated shoulder capes, silk lined, to match the jacket and edged with a narrow scroll design in silk braid, or merely with several rows of stitching.

Modern Arrangement of Furniture.

Informality of arrangement is the proper thing these days in living rooms, libraries, dens, etc., or, in fact, in any room where the family live. Reception or drawing rooms may be made as elaborately handsome as desired, but those for daily, comfortable use should be tastefully consistent in their furnishing, yet not one thing to appear as too good for constant and careless use.

A Way to Improve Starch.

A hint for housekeepers is that starch is improved when a little table salt is added, but like many hopeful hints it has another side. Ironing is easier with the salted starch, but the least dampness reduces the stiffness to a limp and unpleasant state. Either borax or gum-arabic has the opposite effect, preserving the stiffness. Some housekeepers make their strach of soapy water. The soap prevents the iron from sticking. But it isn't a good idea to use soap in starch. It has a decided tendency toward turning the clothes yellow.

Household Decoration.

The fireplace, as we all know, must be the centre of interest in a room, representing, as it does, the gathering-place for a family. The mantel is part of the fireplace, and generally gives the keynote to the room. When it is architecturally good, as in this instance, it must be treated with more or less formality. The ornaments which go on it should be those which in themselves are interesting, on which the eye can rest with satisfaction when it travels up from the blaze beneath. Little gewgaws and knickknacks have no place on it. Dignity, simplicity, and reserve must, together with the beautiful, be suggested in every detail.

When a mantel-shelf is low, low enough to support an elbow, and when it comes over a grate, it can often be treated in a much more informal manner, and be made to enter into the daily life of the housekeeper, as it were.—Harper's Bazar.

Eggs Poached in Cream—Melt one teaspoonful butter in the blazer, turn in one cup thin cream, and when bubbling, add four eggs, one at a time, from a saucer. Sprinkle with salt and paprika, finish the cooking over the hot water pan. When the white is firm remove them carefully to slices of toast and pour the cream over them.

Amber Lemon Pie—Cream half a pound of butter with a pound of sugar, beat in the yolks of six eggs and the juice and grated peel of a lemon, season with a little nutmeg and a tablespoonful of fruit juice and then beat in the whites of four eggs beaten stiff. Bake with lower crust only, and when done cover with a meringue made of the whites of two eggs beaten stiff with two tablespoonfuls of sugar. Eat cold. Delicious.

Fruit Meringue—Beat the whites of four eggs with one tumbler of granulated sugar for one-half hour; place a sheet of writing paper in an inverted dripping pan and pile the mixture upon it (it will be too thick to run over the sides), and bake in a slow oven for another half-hour. Whip one pint of cream until thick and add just before serving, two tablespoonfuls of strawberry preserve, cherry, apricot or any preferred fruit. Split the meringue when cold and fill with the cream.

Orange Straws.—Save the peel from oranges used in the house, put them in a large bowl of water, keeping it one week, changing it daily. This takes all the poison out of the peel and leaves it with a delicious flavor. To the peel of six oranges take one pound of granulated sugar and one-half cupful of water. Boil until it hairs, then add the orange peel, which has been cut in thin strips and dried on a clean towel. Stir until the sugar hardens all over the strips, then pour on a platter. Pick the mass apart before it hardens.

Arlendorf, a Southern Corn Bread—One pint corn meal, one and one-half pints of warm corn meal mush, one and one-half pints of sweet milk, four eggs beaten separately, one teaspoonful baking powder, one teaspoonful salt. Mix the meal, mush, milk and yolks of eggs. Add whites, baking powder and salt and bake about 40 minutes in a well-buttered granite or eartenware dish in which it is to be sent to the table. To be served with a spoon and eaten with a fork; it is too soft to handle. This will make a large quantity.

DR. TALMAGE'S SERMON.

SUNDAY'S DISCOURSE BY THE NOTED DIVINE.

Subject: An Exile From Howe — Perils That Beset the Young Man Seeking Fortune — Dangers and Temptations That Surround Him.

[Copyright 1900.]

WASHINGTON, D. C. — Dr. Talmage staid in London to occupy the famous Wesley pulpit in the City Road chapel, where he preached several times before, always receiving hearty welcome. Thence he went to Ireland, preaching in Belfast and Dublin. The discourse he has sent this week describes the behavior of a young man away from home and suggests practical lessons for people of every age and class. The text is Daniel i, 5, "And the king appointed them a daily provision of the king's meat and of the wine which he drank, so nourishing them three years, that at the end thereof they might stand before the king."

My text opens the door of a college in Babylon and introduces you to a young student seventeen years of age, Daniel by name. Be not surprised if in the college you find many hilarities. Put a hundred young men together and they are sure to have a good time. There is no harm in that. God does not write out the trees, and the grass, and the blossoms, in dull prose. The old robin does not sit moping in the nest because of the chirpings and the lively adventures of the fledgelings that have just begun to fly. Do not come into an orchard looking for winter apples on a May morning.

But Daniel of our text is far from being gay. What oppressive thoughts must have come over him as he remembered that he was a captive in a strange land! The music that came into his study window was not the song of Zion, but the sound of flute, sackbut and dulcimer in the worship of the heathen god. Moreover, he had no hope of ever getting back home again and meeting those who had missed him long and missed him bitterly, wondering if he were still alive and finding many a luxury tasteless because they did not know but Daniel might be lacking bread.

When you and I were in school or college and the vacation approached, we were full of bright anticipation, and we could not study the last night. The lexicon and the philosophical apparatus were transparent, so we could see right through them into the meadows and the orchards. Not so with poor Daniel. He did not know that he should ever escape from captivity, or, escaping, he did not know but when he got home the loved ones would be dead and he would go, wandering and weeping, among the sepulchers of his fathers. Besides that, the king tried to make him forget his home and forget his country and for that purpose actually changed his name. The king wanted him to be a prodigy in personal appearance, and so he ordered meat and wine sent from his own table to Daniel, but Daniel refuses all this and puts himself upon the humblest diet, the poorest of all herbs, called pulse, and plain water. His attendants cry out against this and tell him he will perish under such a diet. "No," he says; "you try us for ten days, and if at the end of that time we are not full cheeked and robust as any it will be surprising." Ten days pass along, and the students come up for examination, and all declare that none are so ruddy and robust as Daniel and his fellow captives. The days of industrious pupilage and the years pass by, and the day of graduation has come, and Daniel gets his diploma, signed by the king and reading as follows: "In all matters of wisdom and understanding that the king inquired of them he found them ten times better than all the magicians and astrologers that were in all his realm." And so Daniel took the first honor, and here the story ends, for Daniel, the student, hereafter will be Daniel, the prime minister.

The next thought suggested to me by this subject is that young men may be carried into captivity by their enemies. There is a captivity more galling than the one in which Daniel was transported. It is the captivity of evil habit. Men do not go into that wittingly. Slyly and imperceptibly are the chains forged upon them, and one day they wake up to find themselves away down in Babylon. Cyrus afterward consented that some of his captives should return, and 50,000 of them accepted the opportunity. But tell me what evil habit ever consented to let a man go. Ten plagues made Pharaoh consent to the departure of God's people, but tell me what Pharaoh of evil habit ever cheerfully consented to let any of its victims go. Men talk of evil habits as though they were light and trivial, but they are scorpion whips that tear the flesh; they are spikes more bloody than the path of a Brahman; they are the sepulchers in which millions are burned alive. The young are in more peril because they are unsuspecting. The lions are asleep in their soul, and their power is not suspected. The time when a ship's company makes mutiny is when the watchman is off his guard. When a spider meets a fly, it does not say, "Go down with me to the place where I murder insects." No; it says, "Come and take a bright morning walk with me on this suspension bridge of glittering gossamer." Oh, there is a difference between the sparkle of a serpent's eye and the crush of its slimy folds! There is a difference between the bear's paw toying with a kid and the crackling of the bones in the terrible hug. Pike's peak looks beautiful in the distance, but ask the starved travelers by the roadside what they think of Pike's peak. Are there those around whom suspicious companions are gathering? Do their jests and their entertainments make the hours go blithely by when you are with them? Have you taken a sip from their cup of sin or gone with them in one path of unrighteousness? Turn back.

From Babylon they came, and to Babylon they would carry you. If so many plague stricken men would like to enter your companionship before any one is allowed to pass into the intimacy of your heart put on them severest quarantine.

My subject also impresses me with the fact that early impressions are almost ineffaceable. Daniel had a religious bringing up. From the good meaning of his name I know he had pious parentage. But as soon as he comes into the possession of the king his name is changed, all his surroundings are changed, and now, you say, will begin the demoralization of his character. Before his name was Daniel, which means "God my judge;" now his name is to be Belteshazzar, which means "the treasurer of the god Bel." Now you expect to see him overthrown amid all these changed circumstances. Oh, no! Daniel started right, and he keeps on right. When I find what Daniel is in Jerusalem I am not surprised to find what he is in Babylon.

I wish I could write upon all parents' hearts the fact that early impressions are well nigh ineffaceable. When I see Joseph, a pious lad in the house of his father, Jacob, I am not surprised to see him acting so nobly down in Egypt.

Are you fond of pictures? Here is one drawn by Solomon: "Who hath woe? Who hath sorrow? Who hath contentions? Who hath babbling? Who hath wounds without cause? They that tarry long at the wine, they that go to seek mixed wine. Look not thou upon the wine when it is red, when it moveth itself aright in the cup. At the last it biteth like a serpent and stingeth like an adder."

"Do you know what you are doing?" said a mother who had broken into a restaurant, the door locked against her, her son inside. She came up to the counter and saw the man of the restaurant mingling the intoxicating cup for her own son. She said to the man behind the counter, "Do you know what you are doing?" "No," said he; "I don't." Says she, "You are fattening graveyards."

I was told at Des Moines of a train of cars going through a very stormy night over one of the western prairies. The young man who was present told us the story. In the night there was a little child in the sleeping car fretful and worrying and crying hour after hour. A man on the opposite side of the car lost his patience and said, "Either make that child shut up or take it to its mother!" Then another man on the opposite side of the sleeping car, a man with a broken heart, pushed back the curtain and looked out and said, "Young man, that child's mother is dead in the baggage car, and the little thing is wailing for her." Then the man who had committed the affront rose and offered his services for the night and took care of the child until the morning, and all the passengers in the car were broken down with emotion.

Oh, if the cry of one child could arouse so many sympathies, what ought to be the effect of the ten thousand voiced shriek of orphanage and widowhood from the inebriate's grave! God save this country from the perils of strong drink.

My subject also impresses me with the beauty of youthful character remaining incorrupt away from home. If Daniel had plunged into every wickedness of the city of Babylon the old folks at home would never have heard of it. If he had gone through all the rounds of iniquity, it would have cast no shadow on his early home. There were no telegraphs, there were no railroads. But Daniel knew that God's eye was on him.

That was enough. There are young men not so good away from home as at home. Frederick tending his father's sheep among the hills or thrashing rye in the barn is different perhaps from Frederick on the Stock Exchange. Instead of the retiring disposition there is bold effrontery. Instead of an obliging spirit there is perhaps oppressive selfishness.

Instead of open handed charity there is tight fisted stinginess. Instead of reasonable hours there is midnight revel. I speak to many young men on this matter—you who may have left your father's house and others who, though still under the parental roof, are looking forward to the time when you will go forth to conflict, alone in this world, with its temptations and its sorrows, and when you will build up your own character. Oh, that the God of Daniel might be with you in Babylon!

I think the most thrilling passage of a young man's life is when he leaves home to make his fortune. The novelty and the romance of the thing may keep him from any keen sorrow, but the old people who have seen the destruction of so many who have started with high hope cannot help but be anxious. As long as he was in his father's house his waywardness was kindly chided, and although sometimes he thought the restraint rather bitter and rather severe in his calmer moments, he acklowledged it was salutary and righteous. Through the influence of metropolitan friends the father has obtained a situation for his son in the city. The comrades of the young man come the night before his departure to bid farewell to the adventurer. The morning of his going away he walks around the place to take a last look at things, perhaps comes upon some object that starts a tear, some old familiar place, but no one sees the tear. The trunk is put upon the wagon, the young man is off for the city. He is set down amid excitements and amid associates who are not overcareful about their words and thoughts and actions. Morning comes. No family altar. Sabbath comes. No rural quiet. The sanctuary comes, but all the faces are strange, and no one cares whether he comes to church or does not come. On his way from the store he sees a placard announcing a rare and a vicious amusement. He has no greeting at the door of the boarding house. He has no appetite for the food. No one cares whether he eats or does not eat. Rather he would not eat. It is cheaper. After the tea he goes into the parlor, takes up a book, finds it dull, no sister to look over it with him. Goes upstairs to his room in the third story, finds it cold and uninviting, and in despair he rushes out, caring for nothing but to get something to make him stop thinking. He is caught in the first whirl of sin. He has started out on the dark sea where the gleam of the joy is the flashing of the pit and the laughter is the creaking of the gate of the lost.

Oh, how many graves there are in the country churchyard which, if they could speak, would tell of young men who went off with high hopes and came back blasted and crushed to disgrace the sepulcher of their fathers.

And yet this exodus must go on. As from distant hills the rivers are poured down through tunnels to slake the thirst of our great cities, so from distant country places the streams of incorrupt population must pour down to purify our great cities. To-morrow morning on all the thoroughfares, in every steamboat and in every rail car will be young men going forth to seek their fortunes in our great towns. O Lord God of Daniel, help them to be as faithful in Babylon as they were at Jerusalem! Forget not, O my young friend, in the great seaports the moral and religious principles inculcated by parental solicitude, and if to-day seated in the house of God you feel the advantage of early Christian culture forget not those to whom you are most indebted and pray God that as old age comes upon them and the shadow of death the hope of heaven may beam through the darkness. God forbid that any of us through our misconduct should bring disgrace upon a father's name or prove recreant to the love of a mother. The dramatist made no exaggeration when he exclaimed, "How sharper than a serpent's tooth it is to have a thankless child!" Oh, that God would help you as parents and as young people to take to heart the lessons of this important subject, and if we shall learn that there is danger of being carried into captivity and that early impressions are almost ineffaceable and that there is something beautiful in Christian sobriety and that there is great attractiveness in piety away from home, then it will be to you and to me a matter of everlasting congratulation that we considered how Daniel behaved when he became a college student at Babylon.

Cannibalism is on the decline in the New Hebrides.

THE SABBATH SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON COMMENTS FOR OCTOBER 21.

Subject: The Lost Sheep and the Lost Coin, Luke xv., 1-10—Golden Text: Luke xv., 10 — Memory Verses, 4-7 — Commentary on the Day's Lesson.

1. "Then drew near unto Him." They "were drawing near unto Him" (R. V.) to hear Him. They came to His ministry with an assurance that He would receive them into His kingdom. "Publicans and sinners." The publicans were the taxgatherers. They were odious to the whole nation on account of their occupation and their unscrupulousness in carrying it on, and were persons from whom the religious held aloof because of their gross and sensual life. "To hear Him." They did not come merely to see Him, or to solicit for cures, but to hear His excellent doctrine and the instruction He gave. They came to see Jesus because they were penitent, a fact which should have led the Pharisees to rejoice rather than to murmur.

2. "The Pharisees." The leading party among the Jews; "the orthodox defenders of the law." They were very strict outwardly, but neglected the weightier matters of the law, such as justice, mercy, humility and purity of heart. "And Scribes." The teachers of the law, also called "lawyers" and "doctors of the law." Many of them were Pharisees and also members of the Sanhedrin. "Murmured." The proud murmur and condemn; the humble hear and learn. They found fault with Him (1) because He allowed outcasts and vicious persons to approach Him, and (2) because He associated with them. "Receiveth sinners." Yes, precious truth! Christ receiveth sinful men. He takes them in His arms, forgives and saves them, and admits them into the circle of disciples. They kept far from other religious teachers, but were drawn to Christ. "And eateth with them." This was considered scandalous; it was contrary to the tradition of the elders. Jesus was the friend of the sinner, but not of the sin; they hated the sinner. Jesus associated with sinners for the purpose of drawing them away from their sins to Himself.

3. "He spake this parable." In order to justify His course and show the true spirit of the gospel to the lost He speaks the parables of this lesson. Something like this parable we had in Matthew 18:12. There it was designed to show the care God takes for the preservation of saints, as a reason why we should not offend them; here it is designed to show the pleasure God takes in the conversion of sinners, as a reason why we should rejoice in it.

4. "What man of you." The words are emphatic. He makes it personal and appeals to their ordinary human feelings. If they would pity a lost sheep ought He to be criticised for showing pity to a lost man? "If he lose one of them." The whole flock of mankind, both Jews and Gentiles, belongs to the divine Shepherd. The lost sheep is an emblem of a heedless, thoughtless sinner, one who follows the corrupt dictates of his own heart, without ever reflecting upon his conduct. No creature is more defenseless, or more in danger of being devoured by dogs and wild beasts than a sheep. Who but a Pharisee or a devil would find fault with the shepherd who endeavors to rescue his sheep from danger and ruin! "Leave the ninety and nine." Not that the shepherd does not have a care for the ninety and nine—they are all precious to him, but they are safe. It is the lost one that now needs his attention. "In the wilderness." The plains on which the sheep were pastured. All uncultivated ground was called "wilderness." "Go after that which is lost." Sinners are lost to God, lost to holiness and heaven. Jesus goes after them, by His spirit, by His providences, through His written word, by His church. He searches diligently with a "yearning, active, tender sympathy," with a heart filled with true love, bent on finding and restoring the wanderer.

5. "Hath found it." This is not to be understood as teaching that Christ saves men independent of any action on their part. See on verse 7. "On His shoulders." He bore our sins in His own body on the tree. 1 Pet. 2: 24; Isa. 53: 4-6; Heb. 9: 28. "Rejoicing." Love and pity explain the gentleness with which the shepherd treats the sheep when he finds it. Mercy for the lost one and joy within himself are the shepherd's feelings.

6. "He calleth together." The joy is so great that it needs to be imparted. Those who are animated by the same compassion the shepherd manifested will rejoice with him. This sheep was of no greater value than any one of the ninety and nine that had not wandered away; it was the rescue that caused the rejoicing.

7. "Joy shall be in heaven." The angels take an interest in the affairs of this world. They rejoice (v. 10) when the lost return. "That repenteth." Sinners must repent in order to be saved. The parable represents the shepherd as finding the sheep, taking it upon his shoulders and carrying it to the fold, the sheep having no will in the matter; but in the application let us remember that the sinner decides whether he will accept or reject the love and mercy of Christ. This parable teaches: 1. That man is lost. (1) By ignorance of the truth. (2) By falling into vice. (3) By his own heedlessness. 2. That he may be found and restored. (1) Christ is seeking him. (2) He must repent. 3. That his recovery occasions joy. (1) To himself. (2) To Christ. (3) To friends and neighbors. (4) To angels.

8. "If she lose one piece." The same as the Greek drachma and the Roman denarius. In value about 16 cents. This parable illustrates the preciousness of the human soul. The loss of one out of ten is a much more serious one than in the preceding parable. "Seek diligently." A new idea is brought out in this parable. Pity moved the shepherd, but self-interest moved the woman to search for the coin. And so Christ teaches that man has value in the sight of God. 1. The owner of the coin as representing God is, (1) anxious to find that which is lost, (2) diligent in seeking in dark places, (3) successful, (4) filled with joy at the recovery. 2. The coin as representing man is, (1) of real value, (2) unconscious of loss, (3) helpless. But man is different from the coin in that he is an active, responsible being, and must repent in order to return to God.

9. "Rejoice with me." The cause of rejoicing was that the coin had been found, not that it was of greater value than the other pieces which had not been lost. When sinners come to Christ, God, good men and angels all rejoice. If these Pharisees had not been so blind they might have seen how little of the spirit of heaven they had within them; they found fault when Jesus received and saved the lost.

10. "Over one sinner." One soul is precious. To be associated with Christ in the work of saving men is the highest calling we can engage in in this world. Let us all strive to be soul winners.

STATE NEWS BUDGET.

A Four-Fingered Community.

Near McKee's Rocks there is a community of four-fingered men and children springing up. The big plant of the Pressed Steel Car Company is located there. Nearly all the steel parts of a car are riveted together. One riveter works on the inside and the other on the outside of a car. Sometimes a bolt will not go through the hole in the steel made for it, and the inside man puts his forefinger through to feel for an obstruction, and the man on the outside, seeing what he thought was a bolt, would bring his sledge down on the blackened finger, smashing it. Accidents of this kind have happened so frequently that there are about a score of workers minus one finger and several children have been born with a missing digit.

Sharon Loses One of Its Industries.

The Kimberly Rolling Mill, at Sharon, which was bought by the American Steel-Hoop Company, whose headquarters are in New York City, where all the steel-hoop interests of the country were formed into a trust, is being wrecked. Every building will be razed, all the machinery shipped to Pittsburg, the stock disposed of and not a vestige of the big plant will be left. The Kimberly mill is one of the oldest producers in Western Pennsylvania, and was sold to the hoop trust by P. L. Kimberly for $400,000. About 600 employes will be deprived of employment.

Woman Saves Children From Burning.

The nerve of Miss Auge Feifer was severely tested in rescuing two small children at Mount Olivet. The wife of Jerome Cavanaugh left the little ones in the care of her young sister while she went on an errand near by. Miss Feifer, who resides near by, saw flames issuing from the rear part of the Cavanaugh house, and hastening to the scene broke in the door. She took a child under each arm and ducked them in a tub of water in the yard. Both children were enveloped in flames and were seriously burned

Piston Held Him Three Hours.

While Charles Fisher, a pumpman in the Big Mountain slope, at Shamokin, was oiling the water cylinder his left hand was caught by the piston, which pressed it so hard that the bones burst through his hand. He could not shut off steam, and for three hours was held a prisoner until several surveyors passing the pump house heard the man's shrieks for help. When liberated he almost died from exhaustion. His hand was amputated.

Fierce Battle For Life.

James Kelly, of Pittston, while on the chase in the depths of the forest in the Moosic Mountain was attacked from behind by a huge panther. A battle of life followed. Kelly, who is an experienced hunter, finally tore the beast from his body, but not before he had been seriously injured. The panther took refuge in a high tree, but the hunter brought him down with his rifle.

Confession of a Murderer.

The confession of a murderer in the West promises to clear up the mystery of a murder which was committed in Montour County twenty-seven years ago. The confession, which is that of one I. W. Keller, who was recently executed in Oklahoma, is to the effect that he had murdered seven persons, among them being a man at Mausdale, Montour County.

Bad Work of Runaway Cars.

At Ralston the cable on the Red Run Coal Company's plant broke, and a draft of four cars plunged down the quarter-mile incline. They struck and killed Frank Egan and fatally hurt Weisel Reed. The cars then crashed into the Ralston Brick Company's boiler house and exploded a nest of boilers.

Soldiers' Monument Unveiled.

A monument made from one of the pillars of the old Capitol at Harrisburg was unveiled in the McElhattan Cemetery in honor of the soldier dead in Wayne township. C. L. Peaslee, of Williamsport, was orator of the day.

All Through the State.

A Newtown man has a violin which he values at $15,000.

An infant son of S. L. Smith, of Easton, was killed by a fall from a chair.

A movement is on foot to establish a fire company at Ogontz and Ashbourne.

Kennett Square Borough Council has purchased a new seventy-gallon chemical fire engine.

Because of the miners' strike many Schuykill canal boats have been tied up for the winter.

Elmer, the nine-year-old son of Frank Walton, near Doe Run, Chester County, died of lockjaw.

A Board of Trade is being agitated in Doylestown. A meeting for organization has been held.

Cooper B. Hess, of Catasauqua, fell dead of heart disease while running to catch a trolley car.

Mrs. Isaac Price, of Jersey Mills, Lycoming County, committed suicide by taking Paris green.

By the explosion of a railroad torpedo, Ralph Miles, aged five years, of Shamokin, had both eyes blown out.

As the result of eating a box of matches, the infant son of Henry D. Jones, of Bangor, is dead.

In the fratricide case of James Terry, of Tunkhannock, a plea of voluntary manslaughter was accepted.

At Ashland Mrs. Lawson Hubler fell to the floor in convulsions and was found dead an hour later by a young son.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

42

MILK.

The Milk Exchange price for standard quality is 3c. per quart.

BUTTER.

Creamery—West, extra....	$ —	@$	20½
Firsts	19	@	20
Thirds to seconds.....	16	@	18½
State dairy tubs, extras...	19½	@	20
Imitation creamery	15	@	17
Factory, finest	—	@	15
Low grades	13½	@	14¼

CHEESE.

State—Full cream, fancy..	—	@	10¾
Small	—	@	11
Part skims,good to prime	7	@	8½
Full skims.....	2	@	2¼

EGGS.

Nearby—Fancy	21	@	23
State and Penn.....	21	@	23
Western—Choice	19	@	20

BEANS AND PEAS.

Beans—Marrow,choice,1900	2 45	@	2 50
Medium	—	@	2 15
Pea, choice	—	@	2 10
Red kidney, choice.....	2 25	@	2 30
White kidney, choice....	—	@	2 30
Yellow eye.....	—	@	2 25
Lima, Cal.....	—	@	3 60
Green peas, bags.....	—	@	1 25

FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.

Apples, red, per bbl.....	1 25	@	3 00
King, per bbl..... ..	1 50	@	2 00
Muskmelons, per crate....	1 50	@	2 25
Pears, Seckel, per bbl....	2 50	@	5 00
Bartlett, per bbl.....	2 00	@	3 75
Peaches, per basket.....	40	@	1 00
Plums, per 10-lb. basket...	15	@	30
Grapes, Concord, per bask.	6	@	7
Niagara, per basket.....	7	@	9
Cranberries, per bbl.....	4 00	@	5 75

LIVE POULTRY.

Fowls, per lb.....	—	@	10
Chickens, per lb.....	—	@	9
Roosters, per lb.....	—	@	6
Turkeys, per lb.....	9	@	10
Ducks, per pair.....	40	@	60
Geese, per pair.....	1 00	@	1 25
Pigeons, per pair.....	15	@	20

DRESSED POULTRY.

Turkeys, per lb.....	6	@	12
Broilers, Phila., per lb....	—	@	18
Fowls,State & Penn.,per lb.	—	@	11
Ducks, L I. spring, per lb..	12	@	12½
Geese, East. spring, per lb.	11	@	15
Squabs, per dozen.....	1 25	@	2 50

HOPS.

State—1900, choice, per lb.	16	@	18
1899, fair.....	—	@	11½
Pacific Coast—1900, choice.	16	@	18
1899, common to fair....	8	@	11
Old odds.....	2	@	5

HAY AND STRAW.

Hay—Prime, per 100 lb....	92½	@	95
No. 1, per 100 lb.....	87½	@	90
No. 2, per 100 lb.....	82½	@	85
Clover mixed, per 100 lb.	70	@	75
Straw, long rye.....	65	@	75

VEGETABLES.

Potatoes—Jersey, per bbl..	1 00	@	1 37
Long Island, per bbl....	1 37	@	1 62
Sweets, per bbl.....	1 50	@	2 00
Onions—Orange Co.,per bag	50	@	2 00
Eastern, red, per bbl....	1 00	@	1 50
Cabbages, per 100.....	2 00	@	3 00
Turnips, per bbl.....	75	@	85
Tomatoes, per box.....	20	@	40
String beans, per bag.....	20	@	40
Squash, per bbl.....	60	@	1 00
Cucumbers, per bbl.....	2 00	@	4 00
Corn, per 100.....	50	@	1 00
Egg plant, per bbl.....	75	@	1 25
Peppers, per bbl.....	50	@	1 00
Celery, per dozen.....	10	@	40
Lima beans, per bag.....	50	@	1 25
Lettuce, per case.....	1 00	@	2 00
Cauliflower, per bbl.....	25	@	2 50
Brussels sprouts, per quart	4	@	8
Pumpkins, per bbl.....	40	@	60
Carrots, per bbl.....	75	@	1 00

GRAIN, ETC.

Flour—Winter patents	3 70	@	4 00
Spring patents.....	4 20	@	4 60
Wheat—No. 1 N. Duluth..	—	@	86⅝
No. 2 red.....	—	@	80⅝
Corn—No. 2.....	47⅝	@	48
Oats—No. 2 white.....	—	@	27½
Track mixed	25	@	26½
Rye—Western.....	60	@	60½
State.....	55	@	56
Lard, city.....	—	@	7.40c.

LIVE STOCK.

Beeves, city dressed.....	7¼	@	9¼
Calves, city dressed.....	8	@	12
Country dressed	6	@	10½
Sheep, per 100 lb.....	3 00	@	4 25
Lambs, per 100 lb.....	4 25	@	6 00
Hogs—Live, per 100 lb.....	5 45	@	5 75
Country dressed..... ...	7	@	8½

TOBACCO.

Demand for domestic seed leaf continues good, and the volume of trade is of satisfactory proportions. Havana tobacco is in good request, and the better grades are passing readily into consumptive hands. There is a fair amount of business done in Sumatra tobacco. For Western tobacco there is increased demand and the volume of business is growing larger for both foreign and domestic consumption.

ESTIMATE OF CEREAL CROPS.

Small Yield of Wheat and Oats — Corn Condition Improved.

Springfield, Mass. (Special).—The American Agriculturist says:

In spite of a season in which weather conditions seemed all out of joint, the total wheat crop is equal to our normal production of ten years ago. The State averages of yield make an aggregate winter wheat crop of 329,510,000 bushels, average thirteen bushels per acre; yield of spring wheat is estimated at 181,000,000 bushels; total winter and spring, 510,500,000 bushels. The average rate of yield per acre for the United States is 11.9 bushels, against 12.5 bushels one year ago. The United States wheat crop of 1899 was 565,000,000 bushels, and two years ago, 715,000,000 bushels.

The final report on rate of yield of the oat crop places the average at 29.9 bushels per acre, compared with 30.4 bushels last year. The acreage reported and harvested is 29,171,000 acres, and on this basis the total crop of oats of the United States is estimated at 832,250,000 bushels, against 869,140,000 bushels one year ago and 799,000,000 in 1898.

The general average of corn this month, as consolidated from local country averages, is 83.7, a slight improvement during September. Last year at this date the final report of condition was 85.1. The season was amply long enough to mature practically all of the corn crop

The Mapleton Item

I N. SWOPE, - - Editor & Proprietor.

THE "ITEM" WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY AT THE FOLLOWING RATES IN ADVANCE:

ONE YEAR,.....$1.00
SIX MONTHS,.....50
THREE MONTHS,.....25

Entered at the Post Office at Mapleton Depot, Pa. as second-class matter.

CASSVILLE.

Rev. Sheaffer and wife, of Three Springs, visited Rev. Smith's last week.

Rev. Smith preached an able sermon on Sabbath Observance on Sunday afternoon.

Mrs. Mary Polsgrove, of Mercersburg, has been the guest of Mrs. Annie Heaton.

Misses Alice and Effie Dell, of Latta Grove, were guests of J. O. Heaton's on Saturday.

J. F. Pheasant and son, Harper, our popular blacksmiths, are building an addition to their shop.

Now, we shall hear the crack of the gun and innocent little squirrels will be carried home by our nimrods.

The new Methodist parsonage is going up rapidly. It will be a large and commodious house when completed.

James Stapleton, of Todd, Pa., died suddenly last Friday morning. He had been a sufferer for many years with dropsy.

Geo. Green and wife, J. M. Wilson, Raymond and Elda Wilson and Morris Park visited friends at Raystown Branch last week.

Lemuel Stevens has moved to house of Mrs. S. A. Heaton. Mr. Bailey, of Perry county, will occupy house vacated by Mr. Stevens.

The literary exercises by the pupils of our school on Friday afternoon were very interesting and reflect great credit on the teacher. We hope they will be repeated and that parents, directors and patrons of the school will visit the school frequently.

LATTA GROVE.

Isaac Dell's buckwheat crop amounted to one hundred and thirty bushels.

Dr. J. C. Stever, of Huntingdon, is spending a few days among friends in this section.

Mrs. Joseph H. Dell has raised the largest sweet potato we have seen this season. It weighed two and three-fourth pounds.

George Lynn and Henry Monihen put up a cellar wall for John Dougherty at Ryde last week. They will build a wall for Elmer Bowman this week.

Chichen thieves are still operating in this section. Early last Monday morning they attacked M. Stever's hen house but found a lock on the door. They helped themselves to some that were roosting on trees.

Hunting season opened on Monday and the woods were so full of hunters that it was hardly safe to venture out. George Bowman killed two turkeys, Elmer Bowman, one, Esco Walker, one, Frank Stever, two, Mike Lynn, one, Wesley Dell, one, Dr. J. C. Stever, one, and Henry Monihen, one. Bruce Smith killed eleven squirrels, George D. Lynn, three, L. R. Bowman, four, Jack Dell, three, Miles Monihen, two. D. H. Walker saw one turkey but would not kill it as he thought it was too small. Mike Lynn, Elcy Lynn and Frank Stever each shot four times at one turkey.

Church of God Appointments.

The committee on appointments for the Church of God made the following for this vicinity at the recent session of eldership held at Harrisburg: Duncannon and Marysville, J. D. Clark; Lower Perry, S. E. Kline; Mount Pisgah, D. Doughterman; Upper Perry, F. Y. Weidenhammer; Walnut Grove, H. S. Bickel; Trough Creek Valley, W. S. Sturgeon; Saxton, J. S. Staul; Martinsburg, E. O. Houston; Roaring Springs, C. H. Grove; Altoona, J. M. Waggoner; Brisbin, H. D. Boughter; Wallaceton, W. H. Snyder; "Church Advocate," C. H. Forney, editor; Missionary organizer, L. A. Forney; Superannuate ministers, Rev. A. Snyder, A. H. Long and C. Price.

—No other pills can equal DeWitt's Little Early Risers for promptness, certainty and efficiency. W. H. Spangler, J. L. Houck.

County Sunday School Convention.

The Huntingdon County Sunday School convention met in the Presbyterian church at Mount Union on Friday, October 5th, and in the absence of other officers was called to order at 9.45 A. M. by the secretary.

Prof. William Beery, of Juniata College, Huntingdon, was chosen president pro tem. and the secretary was appointed to conduct devotional services. The music was in charge of Prof. Beery.

At the close of these services a committee on nomination, consisting of Rev. S. F. Forgeus, T. A. Appleby and Rev. J. B. Brumbaugh, was appointed.

A conference upon "The Best in Our Schools Now and the Best Possible," was conducted by the Rev. Chas. Roads, D. D., secretary of the Pennsylvania State Sunday School association.

Many questions were asked and great interest manifested in the subject.

After prayer by the Rev. D. H. Campbell, D. D., pastor of the church, the convention adjourned.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

At two o'clock the convention assembled again, the Rev. J. B. Brumbaugh leading the devotional exercises.

The committee on nominations presented its report and by its adoption the following officers were chosen: President, Rev. M. L. Smith, of Huntingdon; vice president, Prof. William Beery; secretary, Miles L. Shenefelt, Huntingdon; treasurer, T. A. Appleby, Mount Union; executive committee, S. F. Forgeus, T. W. Myton; Rev. H. N. Freeman, Rev. F. A. Rupley, Jr., and Rev. B. C. Shaw.

Miss Josephine L. Baldwin, of Pittsburg, assistant superintendent of the department of primary work for the state, then spoke of childhood training and its importance, quoting Dean Farrar's statement that at the age of five years you have done fully one-half, religiously, for a child that you can do. Parents are apt to forget that their children have grown. How will you get children to read the Bible? Through the story. Even Stanley Hall says that Bible stories should be first in the mind of the child. To locate these stories have Rainbow Bible Marker, using different colored ribbons. Another point in which we fail is training in giving. When we make the Sunday school support itself we teach the children systematic selfishness, not systematic giving. A feasible plan was outlined. Let two Sundays' offerings be given to the local church. It is important to give to this because it does so much for us. The third Sunday to some benevolence of the church, not missions, such as Freedmen's work, education or publication. The fourth Sunday for missions; one month for Home and the next for Foreign missions. Four times in the year there is a fifth Sunday. Let these be devoted to some public philanthropic cause, such as hospital work, fresh air fund, Children's Aid society, orphanage, etc. Give two days for the Bible society and one for our State Sunday school work.

Dr. Roads spoke upon supplemental Bible work. When we speak of this book, what sort of a book is it? There are three points to be remembered:

1. It is not a single book, but a sacred library of sixty-six books. Books of all sorts, history, prophecy, poetry, etc. It is a collection of every variety of literature, oration, epic, dramatic and lyric poetry; with reference to all subjects of interest to men. Note the lines of unison which run through it. These are unique and everywhere the same. The conception of God—of man—of sin—of salvation and of the future are entirely harmonious throughout.

2. A second fact to be noted is that it was produced in ancient and oriental environment.

3. It is a revelation or a life—character. See what it has produced in the world's history. Everywhere it has produced character—the crystallization of truth into character is its great purpose.

A large number of school children were introduced and Miss Baldwin gave them a lesson in God's goodness, with great tact, drawing the facts from the children.

The following delegates were elected to the meeting of the Pennsylvania State Sunday School association, meeting in Altoona, October 23-25: M. L. Shenefelt, Prof. William Beery, Rev. J. B. Brumbaugh, T. A. Appleby, Rev. D. H. Campbell, D. D., Rev. W. J. Sheaffer, Rev. L. M. Brady, T. W. Myton, Rev. G. M. Klepfer and S. F. Forgeus.

Miles L. Shenefelt, J. B. Emmert and O. M. Brumbaugh were appointed a committee on resolutions.

After some further general remarks the afternoon session was closed with prayer by M. L. Shenefelt.

EVENING SESSION.

The evening session was opened with singing and devotional exercises conducted by Rev. L. M. Brady, pastor of the M. E. church.

The committee on resolutions presented the following which were very heartily adopted:

First: That the thanks of this convention be and are hereby extended to the Presbyterian congregation for the use of their church.

Second: That our thanks also be extended to the Christian people of the town for the cordial reception and entertainment received by the delegates.

Third: That the thanks also be extended to Dr. Roads and Miss Baldwin for their helpful and inspiring addresses.

Fourth: That, realizing the benefits to be derived from these conventions, we do urge the Sabbath schools throughout the county to a fuller representation and greater interest in meetings of this kind.

After remarks by the president and S. F. Forgeus, Miss Baldwin spoke very briefly upon how to teach little children the twenty-third Psalm.

Dr. Roads followed with an address in his own interesting and profitable way.

It was a delightful occasion and the spirit of interest and desire to learn were very manifest. Nor could any one fail to receive profit.

It is to be regretted that so few were present from abroad, that the information imparted might thus have reached more. The cause not only needs but demands the attention and help of all. Apart from the preaching of the word of God, there is nothing so important for the church of to-day to do for the church of to-morrow, as the work accomplished in and through the Sunday school. REPORTER.

—Do not get scared if your heart troubles you. Most likely you suffer from indigestion. Kodol Dyspepsia Cure digests what you eat and gives the worn out stomach perfect rest. It is the only preparation known that completely digests all classes of foods; that is why it cures the worst cases of indigestion and stomach trouble after everything else has failed. It may be taken in all conditions and cannot help but do you good. W. H. Spangler, J. L. Houck.

Report of Saltillo Schools.

The following is the report of Saltillo public schools of Saltillo, Pa., for the first month, ending October 5, 1900:

High School, R. J. WATSON, principal.

	Males	Females	Total
Whole No. enrolled	16	15	31
Average attendance	15	14	29
Per cent. of "	96	95	96

The following pupils missed no time during the month: Aura Beck, Mary Kimmel, Sarah Cornelius, Minnie Lightner, Leah Shope, Elma Heeter, Lillian Kimmel, Edith Cornelius, Sibbie Kapp, Theresa Covert, Arthur Cornelius, Earl Covert, Harry Ramsey, Harry Smyers, Edgar Hildebrand, Blaine Crum, Anton Hoffman, Ithol Kough, Orville Grove, Herbert Hoffman, J. Emory Grove. Visitors, 9.

Grammar School, M. B. WRIGHT, teacher.

	Males	Females	Total
Whole No. enrolled	21	16	37
Average attendance	20	16	36
Per cent. of "	98	99	99

The following named pupils missed no time during the month: Lillian Brown, Mary Crum, May Cornelius, Vera Fleming, Lillian Hoffman, Edna Kapp, Nannie Smyers, Althea Senft, Ruth Shope, Lottie Sollers, Maud Sollers, Emma Thomas, Basil Brown, Beaver Cornelius, Wesley Covert, Thaddeus Covert, Eldon Greenland, Earl Grissinger, Russel Grissinger, Archie Hamilton, Sewell Hoffman, Ellis Kough, Luther Lightner, Earl Shope, George Shaffer, Edgar Weaver, Horace McNeil. Visitors, 10.

Primary School, TERESA BUCKLEY, teacher.

	Males	Females	Total
Whole No. enrolled	19	26	45
Average attendance	18	23	41
Per cent. of "	99	97	98

Those who missed no time were Katie Covert, Irma Senft, Rhoda Ramsey, May Heck, Cloma Brown, Dorcas Kapp, Hattie Crum, Ruth Kimmel, Alma Green, Eloise Keeth, Florence Hildebrand, Ruth Myers, Annie Heck, Onie Sollers, Elda Rupert, Ethel Matthews, Wilma Sollers, Esther Black, Clinton Keeth, Geo. Black, Chas. Shope, Otho Thomas, Jay Finley, Guy Sollers, Chas. Kough, Harvey Grissinger, Earl Sollers, Oris Park, Jay Cornelius, Ira Cornelius, Earl Fleming, Harold Shope, Harold Long Daniel Finley, Orthal Rolls, Carl Grissinger. Visitors, 11.

—Torturing skin eruptions, burns and sores are soothed at once and promptly healed by applying DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve, the best known cure for piles. Beware of worthless counterfeits. W. H. Spangler, J. L. Houck.

A Word to Farmers.

Farmers and others desiring to purchase fruit or ornamental trees are urged to correspond with me before purchasing. The stock I have sold in this county in the past years has proven true to name and the trees were healthy. This ought to be convincing evidence that it is better to buy from reliable home agents than from strangers. I intend canvassing the county thoroughly this season and want your patronage.

L. C. CORBIN,
Huntingdon, Pa. 9-28-98tf

—It is well to know that DeWett's Witch Hazel Salve will heal a burn and stop the pain at once. It will cure eczema and skin diseases and ugly wounds and sores. It is a certain cure for piles. Counterfeits may be offered you. See that you get the original DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. W. H. Spangler, J. L. Houck.

Tetter, Salt-Rheum and Eczema.

The intense itching and smarting incident to these diseases is instantly allayed by applying Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment Many very bad cases have been permanently cured by it. It is equally efficient for itching piles and a favorite remedy for sore nipples, chapped hands, chilblains, frost bites and chronic sore eyes. 25cts. per box. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

DR. CADY'S CONDITION POWDERS, are just what a horse needs when in bad condition. Tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge. They are not food but medicine and the best in use to put a horse in prime condition. Price 25 cents per package. For sale by J. G. Gillam.

MARRIED.

STAKE—WATKINS—At the U. B. parsonage in Three Springs, October 14, 1900, by Rev. W. R. Dillen, Isaac Newton Stake, of Saltillo, and Emma Frances Watkins, of New Grenada.

—Feelings of safety pervade the household that uses One Minute Cough Cure, the only harmless remedy that produces immediate results. It is infallible for coughs, colds, croup and all throat and lung troubles. It will prevent consumption. W. H. Spangler, J. L. Houck.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Estate of A. Jackson White,

Letters of administration having been granted the undersigned on the estate of A. Jackson White, late of Union township, deceased, notice is hereby given to all persons owing said estate to make payment of indebtedness and to those having claims against said estate to present same at once duly authenticated for settlement.

A. W. SWOPE,
Administrator.

Mapleton Depot, Pa.,
Oct. 15, 1900. 6t

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE

Estate of W. W. Smith, deceased.

Letters of administration on the estate of W. W. Smith, late of Cass township, deceased, having been granted the undersigned notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and to those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement to

LAURA M. SMITH, Administratrix,
Latta Grove, Pa.

Sept. 19-6t.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION

PROPOSED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:

Amendment One to Article Eight, Section One.

Add at the end of the first paragraph of said section, after the words "shall be entitled to vote at all elections," the words "subject however to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact," so that the said section shall read as follows:

Section 1. Qualifications of Electors. Every male citizen twenty-one years of age, possessing the following qualifications, shall be entitled to vote at all elections, subject however to such laws requiring and regulating the registration of electors as the General Assembly may enact:

He shall have been a citizen of the United States at least one month.

He shall have resided in the State one year (or if, having previously been a qualified elector or native born citizen of the State, he shall have removed therefrom and returned, within six months, immediately preceding the election).

He shall have resided in the election district where he shall offer to vote at least two months immediately preceding the election.

If twenty-two years of age and upwards, he shall have paid within two years a State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least two months and paid at least one month before the election.

Amendment Eleven to Article Eight, Section Seven.

Strike out from said section the words "but no elector shall be deprived of the privilege of voting by reason of his name not being registered," and add to said section the following words, "but laws regulating and requiring the registration of electors may be enacted to apply to cities only, provided that such laws be uniform for cities of the same class," so that the said section shall read as follows:

Section 7. Uniformity of Election Laws.—All laws regulating the holding of elections by the citizens or for the registration of electors shall be uniform throughout the State, but laws regulating and requiring the registration of electors may be enacted to apply to cities only, provided that such laws be uniform for cities of the same class.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.
W. W. GRIEST,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION

PROPOSED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following is proposed as an amendment to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in accordance with the provisions of the Eighteenth article thereof.

Amendment.

Strike out section four of article eight, and insert in place thereof, as follows:

Section 4. All elections by the citizens shall be by ballot or by such other method as may be prescribed by law: Provided, That secrecy in voting be preserved.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.
W. W. GRIEST,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

A. B. Gillam
Dealer ..In.. General Merchandise

You can easily imagine a a bigger store than this (most of us have seen larger ones), but you can't imagine a store that comes nearer to filling the needs of this community than this store does.

We study your wants and buy to meet them. You can buy goods here cheaper than in most stores.

Good Goods Attached to Small Prices Count

Here is a chance to buy goods cheap. Come and price my school shoes. Bring your boys and girls and have them fitted. Men's, boys' and ladies' felt boots.

The new dress goods—the many new weaves which have appeared this season are represented.

Velvets in All Colors For Dress Trimmings

Come and see them. Ladies', gents' and children's underwear, all sizes sold for 10c up to $1.50 a one. Ginghams and calicos 6c and up.

All kinds of groceries. Sugar 5 and 6 cts., coffee 10c. A full line of fresh cakes. All kinds of flour 85c to $1.25 a sack, large size.

In fact I have everything that is found in a first-class store.

A. B. GILLAM,
MAPLETON, PA.

BUSINESS CARDS.

E. H. WELKER, Proprietor
JUNIATA HOUSE.
Livery and Feed Stable in connection. Rates reasonable.
Also, proprietor Mapleton Meat Market.

A. W. SWOPE
—JUSTICE OF THE PEACE.—
All business entrusted with him will receive proper attention.
Office on Main street.

W. H. WOODS. JAMES S. WOODS, Notary Public.
W. H. & J. S. WOODS,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
No. 327 Penn Street. HUNTINGDON, PA.

W. W. WITHINGTON,
PENSION ATTORNEY,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
Pension claims of Ex-Soldiers of Civil and Spanish wars, and claims of widows carefully prosecuted. Office near U. S. Pension Office. Address, Station G. 2m

DR. E. M. SLONAKER,
DENTIST,
HUNTINGDON, PENN'A.
Try my local anesthetic for positively painless extraction. 9-9-96.

S. P. STUBBS,
—CARPET WEAVER.—
and dealer in all Kinds of Carpet Chain and Materials.
Prompt attention to business and satisfaction guaranteed. Charges reasonable.

J. G. SPANGLER, M. D.,
—PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,—
Office on Main Street, adjoining residence.

THE "ITEM"
$1.00 per Year.

KITCHEN NOVELTIES
A large and varied assortment at from 2 cents to 50 cents each. Knives, spoons, bread boxes, cooking utensits in tin, agate and crucible ware, waiters, strainers, drainers—most anything you want —at
Yocum's
Fifth Street,
Above Postoffice,
HUNTINGDON, PA.

SPRING AND SUMMER
Our Clothing Is Made at Home Now
Fit of Every Garment Guaranteed
Prices Reasonable. Come In and Inspect Our Spring Suitings
See our fine line of Spring Furnishings. All new and up to date. Nobby styles in hats, ties, shirts, gloves, etc. Our stock is larger than ever. Give us a call.
JOE S. MILLER, TAILOR & GENTS' FURNISHER,
422 Penn Street,
Huntingdon, Pa.

The Mapleton Item.

Mapleton Depot, Pa., Oct. 17, 1900.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT MAY 27, 1900.

	P.M.	Night.	A.M	A.M.	A.M.	P.M*
New York....	9.00	12.15	.....	.....	10.00	1.00
Philadelphia.	11.20	4.25	7.12	8.50	12.25	4.30
Washington...	10.00	.....	7.20	7.45	10.00	.....
Baltimore.....	11.41	4.50	8.45	8.45	11.45	.....

	D'ly	D'ly.	D'ly.	D'ly.	D'ly.	Dly
	A.M	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P M.
Harrisburg.....	3.00	8.00	11.48	11.45	3.45	5.00
Rockville		8.12	11.59	.....	.....	5.13
Marysville.....	3.14	8.17	12.03	.....	.....	5.18
Duncannon.....	3.29	8.35	12.16	.....	4.10	5.34
Newport	3.52	9.05	12.37	.....	4.30	6.02
Millerstown.		9.15	12.45	.....	.....	6.11
Thompsontown		9.26	12.53	.....	.....	6.21
Port Royal.....	4.25	9.44	1.07	.....	4. 57	6.38
Mifflin	4.30	9.50	1.11	.....	5.02	6.43
Lewistown Jc.	4.52	10.13	1,30	1.10	5.22	7.07
McVeytown....	5.15	10.38	1,49	.....	r5.42	7,30
N. Hamilton...	5.33	11.00	2.06	.....	.....	7.50
Mount Union...	5.39	11.06	2.10	.....	6.03	7.56
Mapleton.	5.45	11.13	2.15	.....	.....	8.02
Huntingdon, ...	6.03	11.32	2.29	2.01	6.22	8.20
Petersburg	6 19	11.47	2.43	.....	.....	8.33
Birmingham ...	6.46	12.13	3.07	h234	16.54	8.56
Tyrone.	6.52	12.20	3.12	2.40	6.59	9.02
Bellwood.....	7.17	12.41	3.29	.....	7.18	9.20
Altoona.....	7.40	1.00	3.45	3.10	7.35	9.35
Pittsburg.....	12.10	5.50	8.40	6.55	11.30	1.50
	P.M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P.M

Harrisburg 10.20, Rockville 10.31, Marysville 10.34, Duncannon 10.47, Newport 11.06, Millerstown 11.14, Mifflin 11.40, Lewistown Junction 11.58, p. m. Huntingdon 12.55, Tyrone 1.32, Altoona 2.00, Pittsburg 5.30 a. m.

"h" stops to take on passengers for Pittsburg and beyond.

"r" stops on signal to receive or let off passengers Sundays only.

"l" stops on signal to let off passengers from points east and south of Harrisburg, and to take on passengers for Pittsburg and beyond.

Week days	D'ly.	D'ly.	Dly	D'ly.	D'ly.
	A.M.	A. M.	P.M.	P. M.	P. M.
Pittsburg.....		2.50	8.00	12.45	4.50
Altoona.....	4.40	7.15	11.40	2.05	5.55	9.05
Bellwood.....	4.52	7.30	11.52	2.19	6.10	9.19
Tyrone	5.04	7.48	12.03	2.35	6.27	9.33
Birmingham .	5.08	7.53	g1207	2.40	6.32	
Petersburg ...	5.25	8.17		3.03	6.56	
Huntingdon....	5.37	8.30	12.35	3.17	7.10	10.12
Mapleton.	5.51	8.47		3.35	7.24	
Mt. Union.....	5.56	8.53	12.54	3.42	7.29	10.32
N. Hamilton ...	6.01	8.58		3.47	7.34	
McVeytown....	6.17	9.15	f1.14	4.08	7.51	
Lewiston Jc....	6.38	9.35	1.33	4.33	8.10	11.16
Mifflin.....	6.53	9.55	1.50	4.55	8.30	11.37
Port Royal.....	7.02	9.59		5.00	8.34	
Thompsontown	7.17	10.14		5.18	8.48	
Millerstown. ...	7.26	10.22		5.28	8.57	
Newport	7.35	10.32	2.24	5.39	9.05	
Duncannon.....	8.00	10.54	2.44	6.08	9.29	
Marysville	8.13	11.07	2.56	6.26	9.43	
Rockville.	8.18	11.12		6.32	9.48	
Harrisburg.....	8.30	11.25	3.10	6.45	10.00	1.00

Pittsburg 2.50 Altoona 6 10, Tyrone 6.30, Huntingdon 7.00, Harrisburg 9.10 A. M. daily.

	P.M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M	P.M.	A.M.	A.M
Balti 11.55	11.55	*3.15	6 10	9.50	2.35	6.40
Wahg't'n 1.00	1.00	*4.10	8.15	10.55	4.05	7.44
Phila.....11.48	11.52	*3.17	6.23	10.20	4.25	4.25
New York 2.13	2.13	*6.03	9.30	3.53	7.13	7.13

Additional trains are run as under:—

Leave Pittsburg 8.30 P. M. daily, Altoona 12.15 A. M., Huntingdon 1.10 A. M.; arrive Harrisburg 3.40 A. M., Philadelphia 6.52 A. M.

Leave Pittsburg 7.30 A. M. daily, Altoona 11.05 A. M., Tyrone 11.30 A. M., Huntingdon 12.03 P. M., Lewistown Junction 1.02 p. m., arrive Harrisburg 2.40p.m., Philadelhia 5.47 p. m., New York, Desbrosses and Cortlandt Sts. 8.08; W. Twenty-third St. Station 8.20 p. m., Baltimore 6.10 p.m., Washington 8.15 p.m.

*Week-days only. "g" stops to let off passengers from Pittsburg and beyond, and to take on passengers for Harrisburg and beyond. "f" stops on signal only.

Connecting trains leave as follows:

At Lewistown Junction.—For Sunbury 7.30 A. M. and 3.10 P. M. week days.

For Milroy 7.55, 11.42 A. M. and 3.00 p. M. week days.

At Huntingdon—For Bedford and Cumberland 8.35 A. M. and 7.15 P. M. week days. Bedford only 8.00 A. M. Sundays.

At Tyrone—For Clearfield and Curwensville 8.20 A. M., 3.20 and 7.20 P. M. week days.

For Bellefonte and Lock Haven 8.10 A. M., 12.30 and 7.15 P. M. week days.

For Scotia 7.50 A.M. and 3.15 P.M. week days.

For further information apply to ticket agents, or Thomas E. Watt, Passenger Agent, Western Division, Corner Fifth Avenue and Smithfield Street, Pittsburg.

J. B. HUTCHINSON, Gen'l Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

EAST BROAD TOP RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect Sept. 7, 1898.

NORTH. Irreg., No.5.	NORTH. Mail, No.3	NORTH. Mail, No.1	STATIONS.	SOUTH. Mail, No. 2.	SOUTH. Mail, No. 4.	SOUTH. Irreg., No. 6.
a.m.	P.M.	a.m		A. M	p. m.	a. m.
7 48	12 50	6 20	Robertsdale	11 39	6 39	7 04
8 00	1 02	6 32	Cook's	11 24	6 27	6 54
8 12	1 14	6 44	Cole's	11 09	6 15	6 34
8 40	1 42	7 12	Saltillo	10 39	5 30	6 01
8 48	1 50	7 20	Three Springs	10 30	5 21	5 54
9 00	2 03	7 32	*Pogue	10 15	5 07	5 42
9 15	2 18	7 46	Rockhill	9 53	4 44	5 30
	2 35	8 01	Shirley	9 38	4 29	
	2 44	8 10	*Augh. Mills	9 30	4 21	
	3 06	8 32	Mount Union	9 15	4 06	
a. m.	p. m.	a.m		a. m.	p. m.	a. m.

Irreg. No. 7, leaves Robertsdale 5.03 p. m., Cook's 5.13, Cole's 5.25, Saltillo 5.45, Three Springs 5.53, Pogue 6.05, arrive at Rockhill 6.20 p. m.

Irreg. No. 8, leaves Rockhill 2.20 p. m., Pogue 2.32, Three Springs 2.44, Saltillo 2.51, Cole's 3.31, Cook's 3.43, arrive at Robertsdale 3.43 p. m.

SHADE GAP BRANCH.

WEST. Irreg., No. 12.	WEST. Mail, No. 10	STATIONS.	EAST Irreg., No 9	EAST Mail, No. 11
p. m.	a. m.		a. m.	p. m.
5 50	7 25	L Rockhill A	6 30	4 55
5 43	7 18	*Blacklog	6 37	5 02
5 35	7 10	*Cedar Rock	6 45	5 10
5 31	7 06	*Locke Vall'y	6 49	5 14
5 25	7 00	*Shade Gap	6 55	5 20
		Stair		
		A Goshorn L		

Mail trains Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 10 and 11 and irregular trains 9 and 12 run daily except Sunday. Irregular trains 5, 6, 7 and 8 do not run daily, but carry passengers when run.

* Flag stations. Beersville changed to Pogue.

A. W. GREENWOOD, Superintendent.

CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

Topic For the Week Beginning Oct. 21—Comment by Rev. S. H. Doyle.

TOPIC.—Our stewardship.—Luke xii, 42-48.

These words were spoken by Christ in connection with a discourse upon the importance of being prepared for His coming at all times. They apply particularly to ministers as God's stewards, but may be applied in general to all Christians as being in a real and true sense stewards of God in this world. Life is a stewardship. It is given to us of God for the accomplishment of His purposes, not ours. We usually look upon life as a career for the fulfillment of our own aims and ambitions, but it is first of all a stewardship. We have a course to run, we have a destiny to fulfill, but over all we are God's servants, placed here to do what He would have us do, and he only truly finishes his course and fulfills his destiny who first realizes that life is a stewardship from God and subserves everything else to the one aim of doing the will of God.

1. The faithful steward, verses 42-44. In these verses Christ pronounces a glorious blessing upon the faithful and wise steward, the one who, having been placed in a position of honor and trust, faithfully performs his work as a servant of God and is found so doing at the Lord's coming. This servant is to be made a ruler over all that the Lord hath. All God's children who are faithful to the end are to be rewarded by friendship and fellowship with God, but those who have been faithful in important service are to rule with Christ in heaven. There will be degrees of glory and happiness in heaven. Let us be stewards, and faithful stewards, that we may share in this glorious reward.

2. The unfaithful steward, verses 45-48. The unfaithful steward is one who lives as if he never expected to account for his stewardship. He lives as if the Lord had delayed indefinitely His coming. He gives himself up to the oppression of those under him and the indulgence of his appetites and passions. A terrible doom, said Christ, awaited such a steward. Suddenly and unexpectedly his Lord would come upon him, and he would be cast out and beaten. Separation from God is the doom passed upon the unfaithful steward. Instead of friendship, fellowship and divine power the unfaithful steward is to lose God and to suffer the penalty of his infidelity.

The reward of fidelity and the punishment of unfaithfulness should seriously impress upon our minds as Christian stewards the necessity and importance of faithfulness to God in all that He gives us to do. The greater our opportunities the greater our responsibilities and the greater our punishment if we are unfaithful. We live in a day of opportunity. God is giving us splendid opportunities to do good and great things for him. How blessed our lot if we are faithful to the trust committed to us and how sad our fate if we fail! Let us be faithful and wise stewards whom the Lord when He cometh shall find ready.

THE PRAYER MEETING.

Have a personal testimony meeting, letting each one give his opinion of life as a stewardship and testify as to how far he reaches this ideal of life.

BIBLE READINGS.

Math. xxv, 14-30; Mark xii, 41-44; Luke xii, 35-40; xvi, 1-10; Rom. xiv, 7, 8; I Cor. iv, 2; vi, 19, 20; xii, 14-26; Titus i, 7-9; I Pet. iv, 10.

Editors Not in It.

Out in Missouri they have introduced hugging societies to swell the church treasury, and a Missouri paper gives the following scale of prices: Girls under 16, 15 cents for a hug of two minutes, or 10 cents for a short squeeze; from 16 to 20 years, 50 cents; from 20 to 25 years, 75 cents; school marms, 40 cents; another man's wife, $1; widows, according to looks, from 10 cents to $3; old maids, 3 cents apiece, or two for a nickel, and not any limit of time. Preachers are not charged. Editors pay in advertisements, but are not allowed to participate until everybody else is through, and even then they are not permitted to squeeze any one but old maids and school marms.—*Ex.*

—This is the season when mothers are alarmed on account of croup. It is quickly cured by One Minute Cough Cure, which children like to take. W. H. Spangler, J. L. Houck.

A Freak Grape Vine,

A large grape vine in the yard of the editor of this paper has borne reddish purple grapes for some years, which we always supposed were the Concord. Last year it failed to bear and this year the grapes on it are white with occasionally a reddish grape mixed in the bunch. For some time we have been waiting for the grapes to turn color and show that they were ripe, but finally found they were so ripe that they began to fall off, though the expected change in color had not taken place.—*New Bloomfield Times.*

—The best method of cleansing the liver is the use of the famous little pills known as DeWitt's Little Early Risers. Easy to take. Never Gripe. W. H. Spangler, J. L. Houck.

EPWORTH LEAGUE.

Topic For the Week Beginning Oct. 21, "Our Stewardship"—Text, Luke xii, 42-48.

"To whom men have committed much, of him they will ask the more."

Ability is the measure of responsibility. Opportunity gauges obligation. You can, therefore you should. The compulsion is one of inner impulsion and not of outward constraint. I ought, therefore I wish to do and I will, is the highest reach of human loyalty and service. Recognition is not all a matter of reason; it is often more of the nature of intuition. The wish is not the result of cool calculation, but the flame of a soul burning. Man is made up with more than mere head. The pulse beat of a living heart is as powerful as the nerve thrill of a thinking brain. Stewardship lies over all and claims recognition from both. Wisdom and fidelity are alike needed. Know and feel and act justly.

Too many people fancy that they own some part of this world. They talk of "my business, my stock, my land." Some would even say my air, my ocean and my sun if only it was not beyond their reach to box up and fence in. Title deeds in perishable records do not establish permanent rights. Tenants at will during the pleasure of the owner is all any of us can claim to be. Stewards we have been charged to be, occupying for the Master and administering according to His directions and for His profit. We have our wages, but woe to him who attempts to claim ownership of the plant itself.

The main point is, How are you fulfilling your commission? Settle it down deep into your consciousness that you are God's servant, that He owns all and that you are accountable to Him and shall finally make returns of all trusts, and your life will take on a deeper color, a truer value, a more genuine purpose. Never be tempted for a moment that repudiation of the claim will secure liquidation of obligation or escape from settlement. Recognize the Owner and be honest.

Pattison of Pennsylvania.

One of the notable delegates to the last general conference at Chicago was ex-Governor Robert E. Pattison of Pennsylvania. He is 50 years of age,

GOVERNOR R. E. PATTISON.

of commanding physical presence, clear in thought, forceful in utterance, broadly intelligent and deservedly influential. His interest in all departments of church work is keen and his helpfulness not crippled by his business and political duties. He has been twice elected governor of the great commonwealth of Pennsylvania by the Democratic party on reform platforms and has the fullest confidence of men of integrity in all parties. No layman in the general conference was more influential, and none displayed higher talent and devotion. He is a lawyer and banker and won national distinction as president of the Pacific railroad commission. The league and church is to be congratulated in having such men as these in her ranks, who can understand her needs and are not afraid nor ashamed to be faithful in Christian stewardship.

NIAGARA FALLS EXCURSIONS.

Low-Rate Personally-Conducted Trips via Pennsylvania Railroad.

September 20 and October 4 and 18 are the remaining dates for the Pennsylvania Railroad Company's popular ten-day excursions to Niagara Falls from Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington. Special train will leave Washington 8.00 A. M., Baltimore 9.05 A. M.

Excursion of September 20 from Philadelphia will run via Manunka Chunk and the Delaware Valley; special train will leave Broad Street Station 8.00 A. M.; on other dates special train will leave Philadelphia at 8.10 A. M.

Round-trip tickets will be sold at $10.00 from Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington and all points on the Delaware Division; $11.25 from Atlantic City; $9.60 from Lancaster; $8.50 from Altoona and Harrisburg; $6.90 from Sunbury and Wilkesbarre; $5.75 from Williamsport; and at proportionate rates from other points, including Trenton, Mt. Holly, Palmira, New Brunswick and principal intermediate stations.

For descriptive pamphlet, time of connecting trains, stop-over privileges and further information apply to nearest ticket agent, or address Geo. W. Boyd, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia. 9-5-7t

—It will surprise you to experience the benefit obtained by using the dainty and famous little pills known as DeWitt's Little Early Risers. A. B. Gillam, J. L. Houck.

WM. REED & SONS

A GREAT BLANKET SALE

ONE WEEK ONLY

BEGINNING OCTOBER 22, 1900

160 pairs of Cotton Blankets at 60 cents.
A large lot of Cotton Blankets, $1.25, for $1.00.
A large lot of All Wool Blankets, in plain and plaid, at $3.25.
A large lot of All Wool Blankets, in plain and plaid, at $3.50.
A large lot of All Wool Blankets, in plain and plaid, at $4.25.
A large lot of All Wool Blankets, in plain and plaid, at $4.75.
A large lot of All Wool Blankets, white only, at $5.25.

The above goods were bought in large quantities and marked extremely low for this sale. We intend to build a big blanket trade and take this method of getting you acquainted with the stock and prices. Come in and look at them.

Remember the date, October 22d, for one week.

Wm Reed & Sons,
Huntingdon, Pa.

THE DAY-LIGHT STORE

New Goods and Plenty of Them

At J. G. Gillam's Day-Light Store will be found a line of Ingrain and Rag Carpets that ranges in price from 25 to 50 cents per yard. Under the recent advance in Carpets our line has no equal in Mapleton at the prices named.

LACE CURTAINS AND POLES

We have a large assortment of Lace Curtains and poles at prices to suit the most careful buyers.

CLOTHING AND GENTS' FURNISHINGS

Our stock of Men's and Boys' Clothing, Latest Style Hats, Neckwear, Hosiery, etc., is large and complete. We are not showing any old goods. Trunks, Telescopes and Grips are here at moderate prices.

HAMMOCKS AND SCREEN DOORS

Screen Wire, and anything you need will be found at our store.

Farm Produce taken in exchange for goods. We want you to trade with us.

JOHN G. GILLAM.

I admit of no superiors
—and—
Acknowledge no equals

in

MY MAGNIFICENT DISPLAY OF NEW STYLES

My store is filled to the uttermost with a choice line of carefully selected bargains in

Ladies', Gents', Misses' & Children's Up-to-date Footwear

All of the prevailing styles in assortment complete, specially purchased to meet the known wants of this community

My Prices { are of uniformly low grade / never equaled / do my talking / cannot be copied by would-be competitors / makes my business which talks for itself

If you want Superior Goods marvelously cheap,
Visit

J. C. HAZLETT, Huntingdon, Pa.

$500 REWARD

We pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with

Liverita, The Up-to-Date Little Liver Pill

They are purely Vegetable and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail. Stamps taken. Nervita Medical Co., Corner Clinton and Jackson Sts., Chicago, Illinois. Sold by

Stage - Route

—BETWEEN—

Cassville - and - Mapleton.

The undersigned will run his hack between Cassville and Mapleton on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays leaving Cassville at 7.30 o'clock A. M., and leaving Mapleton at one P. M. unless notified to wait for afternoon trains. The patronage of the public solicited.

J. FRANK PARK.

W. C. WILSON, D. D. S.,

Successor to Dr. G. L. Robb,

509 Washington St., Huntingdon, Pa.

Careful attention given to every branch of the profession. Special attention to Crown and Bridge Work. For painless extraction, NITROUS OXIDE GAS or LOCAL ANÆSTHETICS administered.

Telephone connection. 8-1-00 tf

THE COAL MINERS' TERMS

Resolution Adopted at a Convention Held in Scranton, Penn.

ACCEPT TEN PER CENT. ADVANCE.

The Strikers Required the Operators to Continue the Increase in Wages Till Next April—Wanted Sliding Scale Abolished — Favored Arbitration if Terms Were Not Satisfactory.

Scranton, Penn. (Special).—At the convention of the United Mine Workers, which was held in this city and lasted two days, it was decided to accept the ten per cent. net increase in wages offered by the mine owners, provided they would continue the payment of the advance until next April, and would abolish the sliding scale. If the operators considered the proposition unacceptable the miners were willing to arbitrate the questions at issue. They also decided to continue the strike until the operators agree to the convention's proposition.

The resolution adopted by the convention, after having been drafted by a committee of thirteen, is as follows:

"We, your committee, respectfully submit the following preamble and resolutions for your consideration:

"Whereas, The anthracite coal operators have posted notices offering an advance of ten per cent. over wages formerly paid, and have signified their willingness to adjust other grievances with their own employes; and,

"Whereas, They have failed to specify the length of time this advance would remain in force, and have also failed to abolish the sliding scale method of determining wages; we would recommend

"That this convention accept an advance of ten per cent., providing the operators will continue its payment until April 1, 1901, and will abolish the sliding scale in the Lehigh and Schuylkill regions, the scale of wages in the two last-named districts to remain stationary at ten per cent. above the present basis price, and that the companies will agree to adjust other grievances complained of with committees of their own employes.

"Should this proposition be unacceptable to the operators, we recommend that the convention propose that all questions at issue be summitted to a fair and impartial board of arbitration.

"We would further recommend that under no circumstances whatever should there be a resumption of work at any of the collieries until the operators signify their acceptance of this proposition, and you are notified officially that the strike is ended and all return to work in a body on the same day."

A MAYOR TRIES SUICIDE.

Fired Two Shots at Himself But Missed—His Wife Saves Him.

Pearson, Ga. (Special).—Mayor Henry Corbett attempted suicide under sensational circumstances. His wife alone was the cause of his failure. He isolated himself in a distant part of the house and fired two shots at himself. So nervous was he that his hand swerved and both bullets missed him. His wife rushed in and after a fierce struggle succeeded in wresting the pistol from his grasp. Mental depression from ill-health caused the rash attempt.

CAPTAIN SHIELDS'S PARTY SAFE.

He and the Men Captured by Filipinos in Marinduque Recovered.

Manila (By Cable).—Captain Devereaux Shields, who, with fifty-one men of Company F, Twenty-ninth Regiment, United States Volunteer Infantry, was captured by the insurgents recently in the Island of Marinduque, was recovered by the American rescue force, with all the members of his party.

Wisconsin, Fastest Battleship.

The battleship Wisconsin gained new laurels for her builders, the Union Iron Works, of San Francisco, Cal., on her trial trip in Santa Barbara Channel by exceeding her contract speed of sixteen knots and making the best record up to date in her class. It is announced that the Wisconsin made 17.25 knots, exceeding the best previous record of 17.1 knots made by her sister ship, the Alabama.

Destructive Typhoon in China Sea.

A typhoon caused great damage on the coasts of Formosa and Southern China. A number of towns were destroyed. Nineteen hundred houses were washed away or inundated at Taipeh, Formosa, and many lives lost.

Princess of Wales Gets Danes Free.

The intercession of the Princess of Wales has secured the liberation of some Danes who were compelled by the Boers to fight against the British and had been imprisoned at Simonstown, Cape Colony.

Scharn Murder Mystery Unsolved.

Fred Scharn was acquitted by a Coroner's jury of the murder of Kate Scharn, his sister, in New York City. He was sent back to prison to await the action of the Grand Jury.

Spaniards Arriving in Cuba.

Three thousand Spanish immigrants have arrived in Cuba since October 1, and the Bureau of Immigration estimates the number will reach 12,000 before the end of the month.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

Mertes, of Chicago, leads the League in stolen bases.

Keister is keeping up his strong game for St. Louis.

Boston has won but one game in Brooklyn this season.

Catcher "Jiggs" Donahue has signed with Pittsburg for next year.

The New York Club has suspended Pitcher Seymour for balance of season.

Hamilton, of Boston, was the third player to reach the century mark in runs.

Pittsburg is the first club to win as many games as fifteen in a series from Boston.

Nick Young says there likely will be a return to the double umpire system next year.

Harley says the pitching in the American League is just as hard to hit as in the National League.

The young Connecticut League catcher receiving a trial by Boston is the famous Roger Connor's brother.

It is almost a certainty that the ball players are going to suffer a further cut in salaries when they sign for 1901.

Pitcher McGinnity, of Brooklyn, says he is sincere in his determination to quit base ball at the end of the season.

Childs, Ryan and Cunningham are said to be positively marked for release from the Chicago team by Manager Loftus.

The Brooklyn Club has bought back Anderson and Fultz from the Milwaukee Club, and has also purchased Shortstop Gatins from Hartford. Donovan and Steelman have also been recalled from the latter city.

An oddity of the baseball season now nearing an end is the result of series between the fast Pittsburg players and the Cincinnatis, who are floundering near the tail end. The Reds captured the series by twelve victories to eight.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

Sir Arthur Sullivan is one of the wealthiest of musicians in Europe.

Rear-Admiral James A. Smith, U. S. N., retired, will spend the winter in Berlin.

Henry M. Flagler, the New York millionaire, has formally announced his citizenship in Florida.

President Adams, of the University of Wisconsin, has been obliged to take a year's rest because of poor health.

The Mikado of Japan will make a tour of Europe in the spring, and will be the guest of Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria in May.

Henry James, the author, is preparing to abandon London as a permanent residence, and he will live hereafter in Massachusetts.

Former Governor Pillsbury, of Minnesota, and his wife are planning a home in St. Paul for poor girls out of work or disabled by ill health.

Emperor William of Germany has again changed the style of his moustache. It is now brushed straight out, and the loose ends are no longer twisted.

Alfred Belt, the diamond king, of South Africa, is only forty-six years old. His whole fortune, estimated at $200,000,000, was made in twenty-five years.

Among the prize winners at the Paris Exposition was Don Carlos I, the King of Portugal, who was awarded a silver medal for a marine sketch in pastel.

Charles Broadway Rouss, the blind New York merchant, has withdrawn his offer of $1,000,000 for the restoration of his eyesight, feeling now that his case is hopeless.

Prince Henry of Prussia is studying sculpture under Professor Hunt, of Berlin, and has designed and modeled the figurehead for the new imperial cruiser to be called after himself.

CYCLING NOTES.

Care is the wheelman's great preventive of trouble.

The wheel is responsible for very few fatal accidents this year.

In the cities the wheel is much used for going to and from business.

Manufacturers promise a number of novelties in next year's wheels.

Many riders when they go on a long trip take out an accident policy. No case is known where one has been collected.

Accidents happen every day because of neglect of the ordinary rules of the road. Some riders, including many women, seem unable to learn to pass to the right and to overtake on the left.

A single tube tire, with a chronic inability to hold wind, may be made to last out the season by removing the valve, slitting it for a distance of five or six inches and inserting an inner tube.

It is a difficult thing to locate a squeak in a wheel while it is under way. The two squeaks which most often bewilder riders are the head squeak and the saddle squeak, and it is well to examine these parts when the noise is not readily located.

To do good work in tire repairs always clean both the surface of the tire and of the patch or plog thoroughly, washing with benzine when possible, and always test the repair when finished and allow plenty of time for it to set before resuming the journey.

A bent crank may be straightened without removing it from the wheel if two strong wrenches are at hand. Adjust them firmly, one on each side of the bend, with pieces of cloth or paper in their jaws to prevent damage to the nickel plating, and gently but firmly press them together.

CITY HONORS A HORSE.

Thousands in Toledo Greet Cresceus, Champion Trotting Stallion.

CLUBS AND BANDS IN PARADE.

Fraternal Organizations, Grand Army Posts and Uniformed Civil Servants Swell Welcoming Throng—The Stallion's Owner Escorted to His Home at the Head of an Illuminated Parade.

Toledo, Ohio (Special).—One of the most phenomenal and unique demonstrations ever witnessed in this part of the country was the greeting and reception to George H. Ketcham and his celebrated trotting stallion, Cresceus on their arrival in the city a few days ago. Great preparations have been under way for a week or more, but it was not at first thought the reception would be so general.

Fully 50,000 people took part in it. Great electric displays in various colors greeted the eye on every side. For about an hour prior to the arrival of the train the bands and military and fraternal organizations were massing at the Union Depot.

Brigadier-General McMaken was the grand marshal. In the line of march were two detachments of police, seven bands of music, two drum corps, a bugle corps, four companies of the Sixth Regiment, O. N. G.; two Grand Army posts, the famed "Cherry Pickers" that have won prizes for drills over the country, the post office employes and letter carriers in uniform, several hundred uniformed employees of the Toledo Traction Company and perhaps a hundred carriages containing members of the Toledo Club, of which Mr. Ketcham is president, and of the Toledo Driving Club, of which he is a member.

The parade was illuminated with fireworks from the depot to his beautiful home at Eleventh and Madison streets, where an informal reception was held on his arrival. Cresceus, almost smothered in American Beauty roses, was a conspicuous figure in the parade and was cheered as enthusiastically as his owner.

BOGUS NEWS CAUSES SUICIDE.

Husband Has Telegram Sent That He is Dead; Wife Kills Herself.

Chicago (Special).—Mrs. Philip Hardy, wife of a former London business man, was found dead in her apartments here shot through the heart. On the floor lay a magnificently chased dueling pistol, with which she had shot herself. Letters on the table showed she had committed suicide under the belief that her husband had committed suicide in New York City following a recent quarrel with his wife. It is stated that Mrs. Hardy killed herself upon the receipt of a bogus telegram announcing his death.

Hardy appeared at the morgue and admitted to the police that he had caused the telegram to be sent to his wife, who, he understood, had secured warrants for the arrest of himself and a woman living near by. He said he caused the telegram to be sent in the hope that his wife would take no further action in the matter.

RUSH OF LAND SEEKERS.

Colville Reservation in Washington State Thrown Open to Settlers.

Tacoma, Wash. (Special).—One of the greatest rushes of land seekers ever known in the West took place when 4000 home seekers entered the north half of Colville Indian reservation, which was opened for settlement a few days ago. After choosing their lands the locaters commenced an exciting race to the United States Land Office at Waterville and Spokane to register.

The settlers who rushed into the reserve came from all over the middle West and especially from Illinois, Wisconsin, Michigan, Indiana and Iowa. The lands are especially suitable for stock raising, fruit growing and gardening and are also available for wheat growing.

WEDDED TO WIN A FORTUNE.

Rich Uncle Dying Picks Out the Girl for His Nephew.

Middlesboro, Ky. (Special).—Harry Dobins, of Marysville, was married to Miss Lute Potte at the home of her uncle, G. F. Potte. The wedding was to gratify the desire of a rich uncle of the bridegroom, who was lying at the point of death.

The uncle agreed to make his will in his nephew's favor, providing he married Miss Potte, who has been a friend of his for years, and whom the elderly Dobins always admired.

Four Men Drowned Near Nantucket.

Frederick L. Howard of Campello, Conrad F. Goss of Brockton, and Joseph P. Gardner and Thomas Wall of Nantucket, Mass., were drowned near Nantucket by the upsetting of a dory. Howard and Goss intended to spend a short vacation on Coatue Island gunning, and hired Gardner and Wall to take them over in a fifteen-foot dory. The craft upset and the men were drowned. Goss and Gardner were married, and each leaves a widow and child.

Torpedo Boats to Go in Storage.

The torpedo boats Dahlgren and Craven, built at the Bath (Me.) Iron Works on designs prepared in France, are to be hauled out of the water and placed in storage at the Portsmouth Navy Yard. The boats contain no heating apparatus and are not habitable in winter.

YOUTSEY BREAKS DOWN.

Exciting Scene at His Trial For Killing Governor Goebel.

Becomes Hysterical, Calls Arthur Goebel a Liar, Strikes His Own Wife and Collapses.

Georgetown, Ky. (Special). — Henry E. Youtsey, on trial for the assassination of Governor William Goebel, created a sensation Tuesday in the court room by denouncing as a liar Arthur Goebel, who was about to testify against him, and then running amuck, even striking his wife in his struggles. The whole affair was especially unexpected, because Youtsey's case had been proceeding unusually well.

Arthur Goebel, brother of William Goebel, had said he had a conversation with Youtsey in jail on the day the latter was arrested. Youtsey sprang to his feet.

"It is a lie!" he exclaimed, advancing toward Goebel, his eyes blazing. "I never had a conversation with that man in my life," and his voice rose to a shriek. "At the jail or anywhere else," he continued, "I never spoke a word to him or he to me."

His attorneys sprang up and attempted to stop him.

"I won't sit down. I will not stand here and have my life sworn away. I have no blood on my hands, and I want every one to see it. Not a bit. I am innocent, or I hope a higher power will kill me dead."

At this point Mrs. Youtsey threw her arms around her husband, but he threw her off, and in striking out blindly struck her once or twice. The combined efforts of five men were required to hold him.

As he finally sank into a chair Mrs. Youtsey, already in hysterics, turned to Arthur Goebel and cried, "Now, I hope you are satisfied. You have killed him."

Then she was led fainting into the jury room. During all this Arthur Goebel had remained passive.

Then Youtsey broke out again. "I tell you Goebel is not dead! All the demons in perdition could not kill him!" And as Arthur Goebel shot a glance of hate at the man accused of murdering his brother and now traducing his memory, Judge Cantrill said: "Mr. Sheriff, if the defendant does not behave himself put the handcuffs on him."

After that Judge Cantrill attempted to resume court, but on the request of Youtsey's attorneys agreed to postpone until the following morning.

Youtsey was carried to the jail, where he shouted "Hurrah for Goebel!" three times and then collapsed. It is feared that he cannot recover, or at least that he is permanently unbalanced. Few believe that Youtsey was shamming.

PARTY LOST ON THE DESERT.

Three Men, One a Cousin of Senator Hanna, Almost Die of Thirst.

Phoeniz, Ariz. (Special).—I. B. Hanna, cousin of Senator Mark Hanna, and Superintendent of Forest Reserves for Arizona and New Mexico, and A. F. Herman, Supervisor of Grand Canan of Colorado Forest Reserve, almost perished of thirst and hunger on the desert while making a trip from Colorado River to the Utah State line, investigating the forest reserve.

Forty miles south of Lee's Ferry their horses escaped. There was no water and the men started out across the desert. They tramped all day. Hanna was so exhausted that he could not proceed at night, but Herman continued the search for water. He finally found a supply, and after refreshing himself returned with water to Hanna, whom he found unconscious and almost dead.

After being without food two days Hanna and Herman were discovered by a cowboy wandering aimlessly about.

CHINESE OFFICIALS PUNISHED.

Prince Tuan to Be Banished—Three Will Be Decapitated.

Pekin, China (By Cable).—A response to the German demands has been transmitted to Li Hung Chang. This says that Ying Nien, President of the Censorate; Kang Yi, Assistant Grand Secretary and President of the Civil Board, and Chao-Shu-Chiao, President of the Board of Punishment, will be decapitated.

Prince Chung, Prince Tsai-Lien, and Prince Yih will be sentenced to life imprisonment.

Prince Tuan will be banished to the imperial military post roads on the Siberian frontier, as a further punishment for aiding the Boxers.

Prince Ching has received an edict from the Emperor in reply to a note sent at the request of the legations, saying he will return to Pekin as soon as the negotiations take a favorable turn.

OCEANIC'S NARROW ESCAPE.

The Big White Star Liner Touched Bottom Off the Irish Coast.

London (By Cable).—The White Star Line steamship Oceanic had a narrow escape from being wrecked on the Irish coast.

While the vessel was approaching the coast and trying to pick up the Fastnet light, a fog bank suddenly lifted and showed land dead ahead. Before the vessel could be stopped she touched bottom, but backed off without having sustained any apparent damage. The Oceanic was about four miles north of her proper course. She had 583 passengers on board.

Best For the Bowels.

No matter what ails you, headache to a cancer, you will never get well until your bowels are put right. CASCARETS help nature, cure you without a gripe or pain, produce easy natural movements, cost you just 10 cents to start getting your health back. CASCARETS Candy Cathartic, the genuine, put up in metal boxes, every tablet has C.C.C. stamped on it. Beware of imitations.

Irish Mayors are exempt from duty in courts of law.

Florida and the South.

The Southern Railway offers the quickest and best service to all principal cities of the South and Southwest. Perfect Pullman and Dining Car Service on all trains. "Three through trains daily from New York." Through car to Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Augusta, Asheville, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Birmingham, Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Memphis, Nashville, Macon, Ga., Washington, D. C., to San Francisco. Berths secured ten days in advance. For particulars address Alex. S. Thweatt, Eastern Pass. Agt., 1185 Broadway, New York.

When a man falls out of a balloon he realizes what a hard world this is.

Sudden and Severe

attacks of

Neuralgia

come to many of us, but however bad the case

St. Jacobs Oil

penetrates promptly and deeply, soothes and strengthens the nerves and brings a sure cure.

What African Maidens Learn.

Immediately after a girl enters the Sandy a mark designating her rank is tattooed on a conspicuous part of her body. During her stay at the school she is instructed by this faculty of old women in singing, in plays and in the dance, and is required to commit numerous songs to memory; she is taught to cook, and instructed in other domestic duties, and is shown how to knit nets and to fish. At intervals the girls are permitted to visit their parents at their homes in the villages. But before making these visits they must first satisfy the requirements of what is deemed the conventional toilet. Their whole bodies are thoroughly rubbed with white clay, and then aprons made of the fiber of the leaves of the Palmpra palm are put on them, as the use of cotton stuffs is prohibited. — From "Boarding-Schools for Native Girls in Africa," in the Woman's Home Companion.

A Toad's Queer Name.

A resident of North Moreton Vicarage, Wallingford, England, writes to Nature Notes, the organ or the Selborne Society:

"On July 20, while some repairs were being carried on in our church, a skeleton was discovered at about the depth of six feet under the pavement, and in the skull a large yellow toad. The theory of the man who found it is that the creature was there in the man's lifetime and grew after his death! Even supposing that it found its way there about thirty years ago when the church was restored, how did it subsist at that depth from the surface without air or food? Can any one explain it?"

If you would have rich, dark, thick hair, your hair must be well nourished.

Gray hair, stunted hair, falling hair, is starved hair.

Ayer's Hair Vigor is the food for starved hair. It feeds and nourishes.

J. C. AYER COMPANY,

Practical Chemists, Lowell, Mass

Ayer's Sarsaparilla	Ayer's Hair Vigor
Ayer's Pills	Ayer's Cherry Pectoral
Ayer's Ague Cure	Ayer's Comatone

FATAL COAL STRIKE RIOT

One Man Killed and Many Injured Near Hazleton, Penn.

SPECIAL POLICEMAN THE VICTIM.

Effort to Close the Oneida Colliery Brings on an Early Morning Fight — Strikers and Special Officers Clash — Shots Are Fired With Fatal Results—The Rioters Dispersed—Women Take Part in Fight.

Hazleton, Penn. (Special).—A special policeman was instantly killed, another was wounded in the head, a striker was probably fatally shot, and ten non-union men were more or less seriously wounded at the Oneida colliery of Coxe Brothers & Company in a clash between the officers and 500 strikers. The victims are: Ralph Mills, aged fifty years, of Beaver Meadow, special policeman, shot through the back and killed. George Kellner, aged thirty-eight, of Beaver Meadow, a special officer, received shot wounds in the head, but will recover. Joseph Lesko, aged thirty-eight, of Sheppton, a striker, shot in the groin and severely injured.

Ten non-union men were stoned, but only two of them were seriously injured. They are John Van Blargin and James Tosh, of Sheppton. The former sustained scalp wounds and the latter had four ribs broken.

The Oneida colliery, having been in operation since the beginning of the strike, the union men at Oneida and Sheppton, where many of the employes of Coxe Brothers live, decided to close down the mine. They gathered in groups in the streets as early as 3 o'clock. As the non-union men were going to work they were asked by the strikers to remain at home. Some turned back; others did not. Those who went to the colliery were stoned. Van Blargin, one of the non-union employes, attempted to pull a revolver, but the weapon was taken from him and in the beating he received he had several ribs broken. This occurred just before starting time at the mine.

The strikers remained at the colliery all the morning. As the small mine locomotive used in hauling coal from the No. 2 and No. 3 collieries to the Oneida breaker pulled up on the road near the latter colliery a crowd of women blocked the track. The women were told by General Superintendent Kudlick to go home. He assured them that their husbands would get an increase in wages and that their other grievances would be properly adjusted. The women refused to listen, and stoned the Superintendent, who was wounded in the head. Then the striking men and the women rushed toward the No. 2 colliery.

A force of fifty special policemen, who had been brought down from Beaver Meadow to prevent trouble, attempted to intercept the mob, but they were powerless to do anything, and retired to the engine room. Just as the officers got close to shelter a shot was fired. This was followed by another, and in a few seconds many shots rang through the air. Mills was the first to fall. Then Joseph Lesko, a striker, staggered to the ground. No one knows who shot first, but it is believed that both the strikers and the officers used their weapons. A gun shot killed Mills and a small shot struck Policeman Kelnor. Lesko was struck by a ball from a revolver, with which class of weapon all the officers were armed.

After the shooting the strikers dispersed. Sheriff Toole, of Schuylkill County, in whose territory the clash occurred, was in Philadelphia and could render no assistance. His chief deputy, James O'Donnell, went to the scene with a force of men.

Distress Among the Strikers.

Wilkesbarre, Penn. (Special).—Hunger is beginning to manifest itself in the families of many of the strikers, and another week of idleness will bring much distress. Farmers who live close to the mining villages claim that they are being robbed of their property every night. Barns and cellars are broken into, and potatoes, meats and corn carried away.

Some of the farmers are now protecting their property with shot guns.

STOPS RUN ON A BANK.

Special Train's Fast Run With $225,000, Which Satisfied Depositors.

Grand Haven, Mich. (Special).—A run started a few days ago on the Grand Haven National Bank. One hundred thousand dollars was paid out with interest before the doors closed. It was thought depositors were satisfied. The next day the run began again. An appeal for ready money was made to the National City Bank of Grand Rapids.

Cashier Wylie hustled $225,000 into a special car, secured an engine and started. A fast run was made, the money being delivered in time to catch the first demand. The street was lined with excited depositors, but when the situation was explained the demand ceased. The run was caused by the reported failure of an investment made by the bank.

Uprising in South China Planned.

An uprising like the Boer rebellion is planned for South China to begin next month.

Hog Products Scarce in Canada.

Scarcity of hog products in Canada has induced imports from the United States.

LABOR WORLD.

Memphis, Tenn., Police Department has just inaugurated the eight-hour day.

Prussia has among its working classes 7,300,000 men who each earns less than $105 a year.

The miners of the Yukon District, Alaska, it is said, employ 5280 men, who receive an average wage of $1 an hour.

A strike of miners at Baskett, Ky., for recognition of the union, involving lower wages, has been won by the men.

The average weekly earnings of farm laborers in England, given by recent reports, is $4.10; in Wales, $4.00; in Scotland, $4.40; in Ireland, $2.45.

The Pennsylvania Slate Factory Inspector estimates that the industries in the State employed 488,000 more persons in 1900 than they did in 1896.

During the second quarter of this year the percentage of unemployed in New York was 20.7, just double the number out of work for the same period last year.

There are about 30,000 waiters in New York City, and thirty per cent. of them belong to seven different unions which formerly affiliated with the Knights of Labor.

A pension for old employes, similar to the one adopted last January by the Pennsylvania Railroad east of Pittsburg, will go into effect on the Pennsylvania road west of Pittsburg on January 1, 1901.

Fifty per cent. of the 5000 coke ovens in McDowell and Mercer Counties, W. Va., have been put out of blast, throwing out of employment 1500 men. It is said to be due to the dull market for the product.

A resolution has been adopted by the Indiana Federation of Labor asking that a law be passed prohibiting the employment by street railway companies of conductors or mortormen who are addicted to the use of intoxicants.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

The Germans will winter 8000 men in Pekin, China.

There has been another outbreak of smallpox at Cape Nome.

The Quakers are preparing to establish many missions in Cuba.

The British flag has been raised over the Porcupine District in Alaska.

The scarcity of salmon now in the Columbia River is pronounced abnormal.

White blackberries and green roses have been produced in Louisiana this year.

The University of Chicago has decided to give free tuition to ten Porto Ricans.

All the Swedish bonds (several millions) offered in the United States have been sold.

Chicago public school children have contributed $4330 to the relief of the Galveston sufferers.

New South Wales has protested against the annexation of the Cook Islands to New Zealand.

Two Indians have started in an attempt to go from Old Town, Me., to Washington in a bark canoe.

The annual report on public works in Cuba plans for new roads in the island at a cost of $13,000,000.

Canada has been awarded the grand prize for forestry, fish and game and mineral and agricultural exhibits at the Paris Exposition.

Sawing through the floor of the warehouse, burglars stole $10,500 worth of gold dust from the Alaska Commercial Company, at Nome.

The United States immigration officers at Vancouver, B. C., have been instructed to aid the Canadian authorities in detecting Japanese naturalization frauds.

In England Len Hurst broke the world's professional twenty-mile running record, covering the distance in one hour, fifty-three minutes and forty-two seconds.

FILIPINO'S ODD REVENGE.

Offers $100 For Every Ear of an American Soldier Brought In.

New York City (Special).—Furious at the killing of his son by an American soldier, an old and wealthy Filipino, it is said, has offered a reward for the ears of Americans. One hundred dollars will be paid for every left ear brought to him—the cutting off of this appendage being accepted by the vengeful old man as a proof that its owner is dead.

This was the story told by Sergeants Ross I. Barton and Zimmerman, of the Forty-seventh Volunteer Infantry, who have returned from the Philippines to their homes in Whitestone, L. I. They say that Sergeant Fowler, also of Whitestone, shot and killed a Filipino lieutenant named Marcus.

Since then Marcello Marcus, the father, has raised a troop of 300 and has offered the reward for ears. This offer is said to have brought fruit, for 100 Americans killed were found to have their left ears missing, and many Chinese and light-colored Filipinos were mutilated similarly, which shows that the Filipinos are not above making money out of the old man's thirst for revenge.

Japan Orders in America.

The American Bridge Company, at Bridgeport, has closed a contract to furnish all of the structural steel to be used in the erection of a big arsenal at Kura, Japan. The money value of the contract is between $250,000 and $300,000.

Iron Mills Resume Work.

The Reading Iron Company's puddlers accepted $3 a ton, a reduction from $4, and all mills at Reading, Penn., resumed after a brief strike.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Washington Items.

The report that Turkey is paying the United States indemnity in instalments is denied by the State Department.

Sophia Holmes, one of the first colored women appointed to a place under the Government and for many years an employe of the Treasury Department, died in Washington at the age of seventy.

Major-General Brooke, commanding the Department of the East, in his annual report makes an earnest plea for more men and officers to man seacoast defences.

Farming communities ask for free delivery of the mails much faster than the Postoffice Department can furnish it.

The Board of Ordnance and Fortifications has recommended to the Secretary of War that no more disappearing gun carriages be made.

The United States Supreme Court met for the fall and winter term.

Estimates of expenditures for the Army and Navy for the next fiscal year will exceed $200,000,000.

Great stress is laid on the necessity of raising the standard of admission to the West Point Military Academy in the annual report of the Board of Visitors, which has just been made.

Our Adopted Islands.

The west coast of the Island of Leyte, P. I., is in a state of turmoil.

Since October 1 ninety new cases of yellow fever in Cuba have been reported.

Customs receipts for Cuba during the first eight months of 1900 were $10,672,029.65, as against $9,493,088.46 for the same period of 1899.

J. W. Irwin, the special agent sent to make a thorough inspection of the Philippine postal service and accounts, has completed his work.

The total number of schools under American control in Porto Rico this year will be 796.

By order of the Military Government trial by jury was inaugurated in Cuba, and the writ of habeas corpus established.

Mabini, founder of the so-called Filipino Government, has been released from imprisonment in Manila by the Americans.

The Philippines Commission, at Manila, of which Judge Tait is President, is working hard. Meetings are held twice a week, and the public sessions are well attended.

Domestic.

The Grand Camp, Confederate Veterans of Virginia, held its thirteenth annual session at Staunton, Va.

Alexander H. T. Howard, an insurance agent and inventor of Brooklyn, shot and killed his eight-year-old son, Leigh, and then took his own life.

Major Edward Goldberg, United States Indian agent, died at Seneca, Mo., from mushroom poisoning.

Disappointed in love, Joseph Wilson shot his sweetheart, Annie Woods, while she was at work at Bangor, Me., and then killed himself.

Charged with obtaining money under false pretenses, Hans Von Ketteler Enfeldt, an alleged German count, was arrested in Chicago.

New York Board of Trade and Transportation has declared against the war stamp tax.

The Summit House on Mount Tom, at Holyoke, Mass., was destroyed by fire. Loss, $60,000, fully covered by insurance.

Harry Anthony, a prominent young business man of Lake Butler, Fla., was accidentally killed with a gun by his younger brother, Marvin Anthony.

Mrs. Elizabeth Steinbauer, who was shot at Columbia, Penn., by William M. Mott at the time he shot and killed Annie Furlong, alias Madame Alberta, palmist, is dead.

Lillie Diehl died of grief a few hours after the death of her sister, Anna M. Diehl, in New York City. They were buried together.

Conductor Marion Lattimore, of the Southern Railway, was fatally shot on his train near Brunswick, Ga., by an unknown negro. The assassin escaped.

Failure of the New Brunswick Golf Club to elect two society girls to membership has divided society in New Brunswick, N. J., into factions.

The Burlington Railway Company sent to Express Messenger Baxter, of Kansas City, Mo., a draft for $500 and a warm letter of commendation for his courageous act in frustrating the hold-up near Council Bluffs by shooting and killing one of the robbers.

Foreign.

In changing her tariff Russia has ordered the collection of an excise duty on spirits and tobacco.

Bubonic plague at Glasgow, Scotland, is said by the officials to have been checked.

The Congress of the South African League, in session at Cape Town, unanimously voted against the introduction of Asiatic labor.

The bodies of Charles Wau and Jacob Smith, wealthy farmers, who have been missing for three months, were found in a well at Boissevan, Manitoba. Foul play is suspected.

Sheng, Toatar of Shanghai, China, has word from General Su, reporting that a serious rebellion has broken out in the southwestern part of Kwang-Si Province, and that he needs at least 100,000 troops to cope with the danger, which is directed against the Manchus and threatening to become worse than the Tai-Ping rebellion.

It is believed that the fatalities to fishermen from the great storm which swept the Grand Banks will reach 300.

Drowned All the Birds.

On the night of August 12, after Northeastern Kansas had been sweltering without rain for over thirty days, the creeks were drying up and farmers were beginning to grumble about a "drouth," a big black cloud loomed up over the northern horizon. Horton was treated to a display of electrical fireworks, and then the wind began to blow. A lull followed, and Horton went to sleep.

About 1 o'clock people living along the creek south of the town found water suddenly rising on the bedroom floors, and in one instance a man carried his wife through the water waist deep to high ground. The dam which held the town water supply gave way, bridges and culverts were swept out. And all this in about forty minutes.

Monday morning ex-Mayor Leverton discovered a dead bird in his path, and a closer scrutiny showed more. A neighbor was called to witness, and a pailful were picked up. More neighbors arrived and took a hand in the unique harvest. Coal scuttles, wash boilers, pails and baskets were brought and filled. Sparrows, wrens, blackbirds, robins and every feathered tenant of the grove were represented. One woman picked up 161 birds without moving in her steps. When the count was made it disclosed 1800 birds.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Renovating an Ancient Castle.

The Marquis of Bute, says the London Chronicle, has been guilty of an act of gross vandalism. He has started to build a modern addition in red sandstone to the ruins of Rothesay Castle, one of the oldest and finest remains of ancient architecture in the country. The oldest portion of the castle is supposed to have been built in 1098 by Mangus Barefoot, King of Norway, and the more modern part dates from the time of King Robert II., who used it as a royal palace. The castle has stood many sieges, and was even captured by an English force, who, however, in 1311, surrendered it to Bruce. The renovation which the Marquis of Bute has commenced is in the northern portion, close to the drawbridge, and the modern stone makes a hideously painful contrast to the old structure.

Swiss Navy Really Existed.

A great deal of fun has been made at various times about the title of Swiss admiral, which, like the Swiss navy, has until now been regarded as only existing in comic opera. The Swiss historian, De Haller, however, has just issued a book on "The Berne Navy." It seems that for 200 years the Bernese Swiss did keep a fleet of war vessels on Lake Leman, or Geneva, to protect their territory against the operation of the Duke of Savoy, whose dominions bordered the southern shores of the lake. The chief of the Berne navy was called admiral, and the office was not abolished until the Napoleonic wars of 1792. The idea of a "Swiss navy" is not, therefore, so ludicrously impossible as the wags have tried to make it appear.

We refund 10c for every package of PUTNAM FADELESS DYE that fails to give satisfaction. Monroe Drug Co., Unionville, Mo.

In Luxembourg the practice of planting fruit trees along the public roads is extensively carried out. It was started in 1870, and there are now 12,308 trees.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY,
FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.
FRANK J. CHENEY.
Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886. A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.
SEAL
Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.
F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The population of Holland—4,859,451—includes 1,800,000 Catholics.

Happiness cannot be bought, but one of the great hindrances to its attainment can be removed by Adams' Pepsin Tutti Frutti.

The Peruvians have admirable public roads. One is 1500 miles long.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa

The tailors and shoemakers in Vienna are mostly of Bohemian descent.

H. H. GREEN'S SONS, of Atlanta, Ga., are the only successful Dropsy Specialists in the world. See their liberal offer in advertisement in another column of this paper.

An Elizabeth (Penn.) couple, married sixty years, have 227 descendants.

To Cure a Cold in One Day.
Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE TABLETS. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c.

Wealthy Russians, after death, seek repose in glass coffins.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c. a bottle.

Few men have more of anything they want, except faults.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

Eleven new railway lines are projected in Spain.

Carter's Ink has the endorsement of the United States government and of all the leading railroads. Want any more evidence?

The population of Zululand is 150,000, of whom only 500 are Europeans.

The Best Prescription for Chills and Fever is a bottle of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC. It is simply iron and quinine in a tasteless form. No cure—no pay. Price 50c.

New York City is the great horse mart of the world.

HELP FOR WOMEN
WHO ARE ALWAYS TIRED.

"I do not feel very well, I am so tired all the time. I do not know what is the matter with me."

You hear these words every day; as often as you meet your friends just so often are these words repeated. More than likely you speak the same significant words yourself, and no doubt you do feel far from well most of the time.

Mrs. Ella Rice, of Chelsea, Wis., whose portrait we publish, writes that she suffered for two years with bearing-down pains, headache, backache, and had all kinds of miserable feelings, all of which was caused by falling and inflammation of the womb, and after doctoring with physicians and numerous medicines she was entirely cured by

MRS. ELLA RICE

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

If you are troubled with pains, fainting spells, depression of spirits, reluctance to go anywhere, headache, backache, and always tired, please remember that there is an absolute remedy which will relieve you of your suffering as it did Mrs. Rice. Proof is monumental that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is the greatest medicine for suffering women. No other medicine has made the cures that it has, and no other woman has helped so many women by direct advice as has Mrs. Pinkham; her experience is greater than that of any living person. If you are sick, write and get her advice; her address is Lynn, Mass.

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Cures a cough or cold at once. Conquers croup, bronchitis, grippe and consumption. 25c.

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DR. RADWAY & Co., New York:
Dear Sirs—I have been sick for nearly two years, and have been doctoring with some of the most expert doctors of the United States. I have been bathing in and drinking hot water at the Hot Springs, Ark., but it seemed everything failed to do me good. After I saw your advertisement I thought I would try your pills, and have nearly used two boxes; been taking two at bedtime and one after breakfast, and they have done me more good than anything else I have used. My trouble has been with the liver. My skin and eyes were all yellow; I had sleepy, drowsy feelings; felt like a drunken man; pain right above the navel, like as if it was bile on top of the stomach. My bowels were very costive. My mouth and tongue sore most of the time. Appetite fair, but food would not digest, but settle heavy on my stomach, and some few mouthfuls of food come up again. I could only eat light food that digests easily. Please send "Book of Advice." Respectfully, BEN ZAUGG,
Hot Springs, Ark.

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If you have been paying $4 to $5 for shoes, a trial of W. L. Douglas $3 or $3.50 shoes will convince you that they are just as good in every way and cost from $1 to $1.50 less. Over 1,000,000 wearers.

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PENNSYLVANIA TO DO HER DUTY.

Republicans Will Vote Straight Ticket and Help Make Gains in Congress.

FUSION ON THE DOWN GRADE

Stalwarts Want to See Wanamaker, Martin and Flinn in the Open and on the Stump For the Insurgent-Democratic Combine Candidates, and Results of the Stone and Barnett Campaigns Will Be Repeated.

(Special Correspondence.)

Philadelphia, Oct. 16.—Gen. Frank Reeder, chairman of the Republican state committee, and Senator Boies Penrose spent an entire day in New York last week in consultation with Chairman Hanna and members of the executive committee of the Republiacn national committee. Upon their return to this city they were quite enthusiastic over the reports they heard through the national committee leaders regarding the prospects of President McKinley's election by even a larger vote in the electoral college than was given him four years ago.

They could not, however, conceal the anxiety which the party leaders have over the situation in the canvass for members of the national house of representatives.

"It is quite probable," said Chairman Manley, of the executive committee of the national committee, to Gen. Reeder, "that in many states in which McKinley will have an increased vote we shall lose congressional districts which are now represented by Republicans in the house. This fact confronts us, and we must therefore use every effort to offset these probable losses, which may occur in the middle western states, by Republican gains in New York and Pennsylvania."

After expressing himself in this manner Chairman Manley went into detail with Gen. Reeder regarding the situation in every congressional district in this state, and while reports received from the county chairmen indicated that the party organization is making an aggressive campaign the leaders are very seriously handicapped in several congressional district fights owing to the action of so-called Republicans in fusioning with the Democrats on the legislative nominations.

DUTY TO REPUBLICANS.

Chairman Manley said he regretted to hear this, and declared that it was the duty of every Republican to stand by his party ticket from top to bottom in such an important crisis as now confronts the Republican organization in the nation in the matter of the control of the next congress.

Chairman Hanna fully concurred in this declaration and directed the heads of the various bureaus at the national committee headquarters to honor every request from Chairman Reeder for literature and for speakers for meetings in the interest of the Republican candidates for congress in this state.

"We must gain congressmen in Pennsylvania," declared Senator Hanna emphatically, "and we must do everything possible to help the party organization in the state get out the full vote."

Chairman Hanna assigned former Congressman John S. Wise, of Virginia, one of the strongest orators on the list at the national committee headquarters, and Col. Fairless, another gifted orator from Virginia, to accompany Col. Quay's party on the tour of Pennsylvania.

Other speakers will be assigned to meetings to be held in the several contested congressional districts in this state.

INSURGENTS WITHOUT HOPE.

While the insurgent Republicans of the Martin-Flinn combination are preparing to make one last rally to round up their forces before the election there is every reason to believe that they are very much disheartened and fear that they will make a sorry showing at the election. Martin has practically given up hope of doing anything for the insurgent movement in this city. He cannot defeat a single Republican candidate for the legislature, either with a straightout Democratic candidate or in a fusion deal with one Democrat and one Republican.

This fact is known to his fellow insurgents in the state. While they will keep up a beating of the tom-toms, because there is nothing else for them to do, those who know the true situation realize that there is nothing for them to expect out of the present campaign.

The repeated announcements that John Wanamaker is to take the stump for the fusion ticket are hailed with delight by the stalwart Republican leaders. They want him to go into every county where there is a fusion combine on the legislature. They feel that his speeches will have about the same effect as they had in the campaigns against the election of Governor Stone and against the election of Col. James E. Barnett, of the Tenth regiment, for state treasurer. Wanamakerism is not popular in this city, and it is not likely that it will be any more so in the state than heretofore.

Disappointed and disgruntled millionaires have discovered that the Republicans of the Keystone state do not recognize money as the sole qualification for party leadership nor for official honors.

Mr. Wanamaker has been conspicuously lacking in party services, except when he has an ax of his own to grind, and his attempts to disrupt the Republican organization of this state have thus far signally failed of their purpose.

The presence of Col. Guffey here last week with the Martin-Flinn outfit drew attention to the crafty game this Democratic politician is playing.

He has made all sorts of deals with the insurgents for the defeat of Republican candidates for the legislature, and at the same time he is taking advantage of the dissensions which he has thus nourished in the Republican organization to help elect Democrats to congress. He is working for all he is worth for the election of McAleer, a Democrat, to congress from this city, and he has the active support of the David Martin organization, or at least so much of it as Martin can control. Martin, however, finds that he cannot command many of his former followers, who say they propose to go along with the Republican organization and help elect Henry Burk, the Republican nominee for congress against McAleer.

The insurgents find that they will cut a small figure in this district, as not only will Mr. Burk be elected, but every Republican candidate for state representative, as well as the state senator, will be elected also.

PATTISON FOR BRYAN AND FUSION.

Up in the Sibley district the insurgents are working with Emery, who is running on the Democratic ticket for congress, and former Governor Pattison, who has been stumping for Bryan in the doubtful states, has been sent up to Sibley's district to help the insurgents elect Emery to congress and defeat the Republican candidates for the legislature. Emery supported Pattison when he ran for governor, and Pattison is now returning the favor. Sibley, the regular Republican candidate for congress in this district, is going to win, and win by a large majority.

CAMPAIGN COMMENT.

Crisp and Timely Chat of the Presidential Canvass.

Bryanism on the Wane and McKinley and the Republican Party Looming Up as Certain Winners.

Things are coming our way.

A short day is better than a short dollar.—William McKinley.

The vote of next November will decide the length of the war in the Philippines.

Mr. Bryan's sneers at the full dinner pail will not efface the memory of the workingmen.

The Democratic party is consistent in that it is keeping up its record for inconsistency.

Wear the Flag.

Mr. Bryan will omit all allusions to the Tammany ice trust during his campaign tour of New York.

The drift of public sentiment is growing stronger every day in favor of the Republican party.

The Hon. George Fred Williams declines to permit some of the gold Democrats to return to the party.

Those who uphold law and order wear the Flag.

The Republican party is the party that performs. The Democratic party is the party that promises only.

Currency is now going west and south to move the crops. Never before did it have such a job of moving to perform.

Fly the Flag.

Senator Wellingtonton goes away from home to do his campaigning. By this move he manages to escape some of the wrath of his constituents.

The difference between Bryanism and Democracy is the difference between politics in its worst sense and statesmanship in its historical sigification.

Bryan despairs of the future of the country because the voters insist on permitting business to influence their politics, and yet he himself has grown wealthy by making politics his business.

It is safe to predict that free silver will never again find place in a Democratic platform, but it will take the party a long time to overcome the stigma of having adopted such a financial heresy.

Don't haul down the Flag.

Mr. Bryan fears that the full dinner pail may not last through the campaign. It is sure to do that, but it will be empty pretty soon after election, if, by any unexpected accident, he should be elected.

The Democratic papers print with ghoulish glee every piece of news calculated to show with more or less accuracy that the Filipinos are rising everywhere and killing the soldier boys of the United States. But they forget to add that the responsibility for it rests with some of the Democrats.

Those who uphold law and order wear the Flag.

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Others May Tell Fairy Stories; We'll Stick to Facts.

We don't propose to work on your imagination with glowing adjectives; we simply ask you to familiarize yourself with our prices. If you can conceive of any better values elsewhere than we offer you, stop a moment and draw comparisons. Your imagination may cause you to stray from the path that leads to GENUINE VALUES AND WORTHY CLOTHING. Our Fall Stock is remarkable for its superior qualities, desirable styles and up-to-date fabrics.

Men's Suits

Men's Scuff Suits, made of mixed Cheviots, Cassimeres, Blue and Black Cheviots, warranted to give as good satisfaction as the ordinary $7.50 quality, $5.00.

Men's Business Suits made of the popular Scotch grays, blue and black Thibet and fancy Worsted, the kinds that bring $10.00 elsewhere are here for $7.50.

Men's Dress Suits, the acme of style and elegance, made of gray Mixtures and black Clay Worsted, elegantly tailored and gracefully cut—very special value at $10.00 and $12.00.

Men's Trousers, suitable for almost any occasion, made of fancy Worsted and Cassimeres, stripes or plain effects, all guaranteed, easily worth $3.50, cannot be duplicated at our prices, $2.50.

Youths' Suits

In our Youths' Department is where you'll find the greatest good for the least money. We found a bargain, purchased and scooped it; you can reap the benefit. Don't judge the goods by the prices.

Youths' Suits, sizes 14 to 19 years, every one of them good value at a third more money, consisting of such materials as Cheviots, Cassimeres, Fancy Worsteds, etc. All wool fabrics and nicely tailored, guaranteed the very best values ever offered in this county, go at $4.00, $4.50, $5.00, $6.50, $8.00, $9.00, $10.00 and $12.00.

Children's Suits

Naturally this is our stronghold—the department for Children's Suits. We have made great strides forward in a comparatively short time, with good value as the leading argument.

Vestee Suits, sizes 3 to 8, made with large or small collars, nicely trimmed and finished throughout, at $1.50.

Vestee Suits, with small collars, regular coat style, and vest just like papa's, all wool material, at $2.50 up to $6.00.

Double Breasted Cassimere Suits, sizes 9 to 16 years, all wool fabrics in blue blacks and fancy mixtures, $2.50 up to $6.50. Also cheaper qualities as low as $1.25.

We show the leading styles in the Boys' popular Three-piece Suits, 10 to 16 years old. Strictly all wool materials, substantially and fashionably made, $4.50, $5.00 and $6.00.

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Digests what you eat.

It artificially digests the food and aids Nature in strengthening and reconstructing the exhausted digestive organs. It is the latest discovered digestant and tonic. No other preparation can approach it in efficiency. It instantly relieves and permanently cures Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Sour Stomach, Nausea, Sick Headache, Gastralgia, Cramps, and all other results of imperfect digestion.

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